BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR ME., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1878. VOLUME XLV---NUMBER 131.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier.
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
AT No. 3, East End Kenduskeag Bridge
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

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THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

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AGENCIES.

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Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.
The date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

FILES.......FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

[illegible] up and get ready for business. I have [illegible]

1000 Dozen Files

[illegible] finishing of 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

[illegible] warrant them equal to any imported. [illegible] and see them.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

[illegible] COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

[illegible]

"DIAMOND BRAND,"

MANUFACTURED AT THE

Chadwick Lead Works, Boston.

This Lead is guaranteed strictly Pure, uniform in color and fineness. *The equal of any White Lead manufactured.* We call special to the qualities of this Lead and challenge Chemical Analysis. We will give an ounce of Gold for every ounce of adulteration found. The undersigned, Agents, solicit orders for the above.
Also, a full and complete assortment of English and American Varnish, Colors, Brushes, Oil, &c
CHARLES RICHARDSON & CO.
37 and 39 Oliver Street, Boston.
apr19 cod 3m

BUCKTHORN
AND
CONOVER'S
Colossal Asparagus.
A FINE LOT FOR SALE BY
HENRY McLAUCHLIN,
Front Street,
BANGOR.

For Sale.

One Set Double Sleds, nearly new
One Set Single Sleds, with express top.
One Set Single Sleds.
One Winter Peddle Cart for 2 horses.
One Winter Peddle Cart for one horse
by H. J. STEVENS,
nov15 108 Hammond Street.

[illegible]

POGANUC PEOPLE.

By Harriet Beecher Stowe

received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

mar21

NOTICE.

The subscriber gives notice that he has resumed his former business of "BUILDING MOVER" in all its branches, and will be happy to meet the wants of his former customers.
ELIJAH LOW.

[illegible] Papers [illegible]

Another lot of Fine Gilt Wall Papers just received. Also a nice assortment of WINDOW SHADES on ROLLERS of various kinds.

CHAS. HIGHT'S,
may1 3 Smith's Block.

VESSEL FOR SALE.

Brig ABBY THAXTER, 192 tons, now lying at Bath, Maine; by
THOS. A. TAYLOR,
No. 17 Broad Street.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

READY FOR WORK

I have purchased new tools, and taken the shop next door to my old one (burned Friday) and am prepared to fill orders for driving tools at short notice.

B. KELLEY,
apr15 Washington St., Bangor.

A CHAPTER
—ON—
Furniture Repairing.

SEC. 1. It can be done.
SEC. 2. It needs to be done.
SEC. 3. It pays to do it.
SEC. 4. It is a trade which it takes years to learn.
CONCLUSION. If you want health, comfort, peace of mind, and quiet slumber, have your Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, &c., newly upholstered by

HENRY S. BROWN.
apr20 eod 15 State Street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have leased the well known

FAIRBANKS STANDARD CITY HAY SCALE,

at the head of the

Bryant Wharf, Broad Street,

foot of Water Street, formerly occupied by the late Joseph Bryant, and recently by Messrs. Kent & Fisher, where we will be pleased to wait upon all who want weighing done correctly and promptly, and at a small fee for the same.

GILMAN CRAM, Weigher,
may11 Authorized by the city.

TROUT FISHING.

Grand Falls is the Place.

DINSMORE or McKINNEY will take passengers from Enfield Station to Fishing Ground.
may27 eM5w*

WRINGERS
—AND—
All kinds of Wringers Repaired.
WATER PIPING.
Houses Piped for Holly.
RUBBER HOSE, Best Quality,
3 and 4 Ply warranted.
W. H. PRITCHARD,
130 Exchange Street.
may7

ICE.

The undersigned having succeeded to the business of the

BANGOR ICE CO.

would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally that he is now prepared to furnish ICE at the lowest market price, and hopes for a fair share of the public patronage. The Office of the Company has been removed from No. 17 Broad Street to Store of A. E. POTE & CO., where all orders may be left.

F. C. BRACKETT.
apr27

1812.

[illegible]

Congress has just passed a law giving a Pension of $8 per month to all Soldiers of the War of 1812, who served 14 days or were in battle—and the same pension to the widows of all such soldiers.
This entitles *all* to a pension who have received Land Warrants.
All desiring the pension can obtain it, by applying to me in person at my office, or by letter.
I have all the old Rolls, on which is borne the names of all soldiers of the War of 1812, with the place and length of service and date of discharge, and all facts, and I can give full and exact information in every case.
Also a record of most of the Land Warrants granted to these soldiers.
No person, east of Portland, has these rolls, except myself and A. J. Chapman, Esq., of Bangor, who has equal facilities for obtaining these pensions. He was formerly a clerk in my office.

C. P. BROWN,
BANGOR.

N. B.—All who desire their pensions early must apply early.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

FOR SALE.

One New Two or Three Horse Concord Stage Wagon.

Seats six passengers inside and six outside. Built to order by Abbott Downing & Co. Will be sold at a great Bargain. Also one good low Hack.
E. N. COOLS.
Bangor, April 1, 1878.

OMNIBUS LINE
FOR SALE.

We will sell our Omnibus Line, including two 'Busses for summer use and also two for winter use, together with the horses now running on same, and all the necessary harnesses, rigging, &c., pertaining thereto, at a good bargain to the right parties if applied for soon. This is a good opportunity for the right kind of a man to obtain a good steady business that pays well.
G. H. ROBINSON & CO.
mar26

W. SCHWARTZ,
143 Exchange St.,
SAW MANUFACTURER
AND MACHINIST,

is prepared to supply those in want of the very best warranted Saws, Machinery, Belting, Emory Wheels, &c., at the lowest prices.

The only Saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair Saws at short notice and in the most thorough manner.
jul27

WAR OF 1812.

Pensions! Pensions.

A law has just passed giving a Pension of $96 per year to all Soldiers of the War of 1812 who served 14 days, or were in any engagement, and their widows, also, are entitled to the same pension, regardless of the date of their marriage. I am authorized to obtain these pensions for all who are entitled.
Application can be made to me in person at my office in Bangor, or by letter. The earlier the application the better for the applicant.
I have all the rolls and records of every soldier of the war, with their names in alphabetical order, so that every soldier's service can be readily ascertained.
No other person in Maine has these records, except C. P. Brown, Esq.
Don't entrust your claims to unreliable and inexperienced hands.

A. J. CHAPMAN,
U. S. War-Claim Agent.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

[illegible]

The well known Cutter

JOHN F. LARKIN,

wishes to inform his many friends and the public in general, that he has been engaged by

SILAS D. JONES & SONS,

to take care of their Custom Department and will endeavor to keep up his old and well established name of being one of the best Cutters in New England.

SILAS D. JONES & SONS' Clothing House,
Nos. 1 and 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.
apr24 tf

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.
REMOVED
TO THE
NEW AND ELIGIBLE STORE,
83 MILK STREET,
Corner of Congress Street
POST OFFICE SQUARE,

With additional facilities, they solicit the continuance of the generous patronage of the public.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,
IN EVERY VARIETY,
OF THE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY,
And with the Latest and most Valuable Improvements.
83 Milk Street, Post Office Square,
BOSTON.
feb5

VICK'S
Flower Seeds!
A FULL ASSORTMENT

Just received and for sale at Vick's Prices by

CHAS. DWINEL.

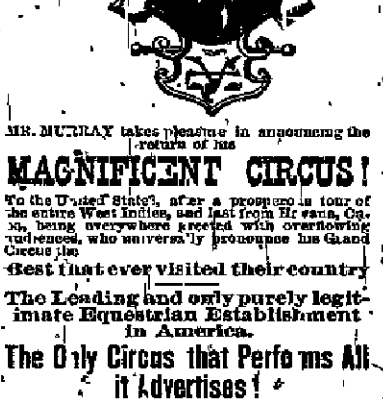
Illustrated Catalogues at the Store.
may9

NEW CHEESE
—AND—
CHOICE BUTTER,
the best in the market, at very low prices.
J. H. SNOW,
may28 25 West Market Square.

BANGOR,
Saturday, June 8th.

[illegible]

Grand Circus!



MR. MURRAY takes pleasure in announcing the return of his

MAGNIFICENT CIRCUS!

To the United States, after a prosperous tour of the entire West Indies, and last from Havana, Cuba, being everywhere greeted with overflowing audiences, who universally pronounce his Grand Circus the

Best that ever visited their country

The Leading and only purely legitimate Equestrian Establishment in America.

The Only Circus that Performs All it Advertises!

The Cherished Institution of the People
For the Amusement of the Young.

MR. MURRAY takes pleasure in announcing a partial list of his Artists for the Season, and also stating that his present Company is far superior to any heretofore under his management.

Miss Lizzie Marcellas,
The Beautiful, Unapproachable and Thoroughly Schooled Equestrienne.
JAMES MELVILLE,
The Great Australian Bare Back Rider.
Senorita MILLIE TOURNOUR,
Equestrienne and Queen of the Air.
WOODA COOK,
Beyond dispute the Champion Somersault Rider of the World.
LITTLE ALEXANDER,
The Wonder of the Age, in his exciting hurdle act on two diminutive ponies.
PROF. STOWE'S
Wonderful Troupe of Educated Dogs.
WILLIAM ODELL,
The Great American Bare Back, Trick and Somersault Rider.
WILL STOWE,
The American Clown and Jester,
GRIMALDI BIBB,
The World's Great Clown and Punster.
Participating in the Athletic Trials of Skill are such sterling actors as

EUGENE LEECH,	HECTOR,
CLIFFORD,	FANE,
LEOPAR,	SMITH,
The renowned	EDWARDS,
KIT CARSON,	CASTELL,
COOKS,	WALKER,

And Auxiliaries.

FIFTEEN TRICK HORSES,
Including the intelligent marvel
BLACK EAGLE,
And the Beautiful
BLACK BESS,
The best trained and most valuable stud of horses on this Continent.

Two Grand Free Pageants!

FIRST. In the streets, every day, at 10 o'clock a. m., the Great Golden car "Triumph," bearing therein Perry's Band, gorgeously uniformed, drawn by 16 Arabian steeds, reined by Mons. E. KELLY; the Fairy Phaeton, drawn by 16 Shetland Ponies, driven by Master Edward Lockwood.
SECOND. *Zildah, the Female Blondin.* This beautiful, daring lady, the only acknowledged rival of the celebrated Blondin, will (preceding the afternoon performance each day) accomplish the Terrific and Perilous feat of ascending upon a single wire, from the Ground to the top of the Center Pole, a distance of 100 feet. Don't fail to see the Ascension. Free to all, at o'clock p. m., on the day of exhibition.
Price of admission, 50 cents. Children half price. Reserved Chairs 25 cts extra. Children under 8 years of age will be admitted free to afternoon entertainment.

Will also exhibit at
BELFAST, June 7th,
BUCKSPORT, June 10th.
may29 10t

[illegible]

OF TORONTO.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1851
Abstract of the Forty-fifth Annual Statement
January 1st, 1878.

ASSETS.

United States Bonds,	430,000 00
Canada Government Bonds	52,530 00
Real Estate,	112,446 74
Bills Receivable	25,514 19
Debentures & Mortgages on Real Estate,	31,744 47
Interest Due and Accrued,	7,186 49
Cash on hand and in banks,	85,120 36
Agents' Balances,	41,537 73
Sundry Accounts Receivable,	17,442 18
Bank and other dividend paying Stocks,	294,961 12
	$1,102,556 70

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in full,	$515,092 70
Reserve for Re-insurance,	336,404 34
Reserve for Unpaid Losses & Dividends,	120,751 09
Surplus beyond Capital & all Liabilities,	132,388 57
	$1,102,556 70
Surplus as regards Policy Holders,	$645,401 27

R. PATERSON, Governor.
F. A. BALL, Manager.

CHAS. H. TAYLOR, Ag't,
Office No. 21 Main Street, Bangor.
may23 9w

LARRABEE

French Peas, Ginger Snaps, East Lake Biscuits, and everything in Canned Goods line, for sale by MAYO & APPLETON.

New Vermont Cheese,

New Sage Cheese, Evaporated Apples, Green Apples.

MAYO & APPLETON,
may11 *80 CENTRAL ST.*

FOR SALE.

A nice store in Newport, Maine. Main building 25 by 30, two story, with ell attached. Rooms in second story, all finished in nice shape for a family, and store well adapted for almost any line of business, with lot of land, will be sold at a great trade, or will exchange for timber land. See or address,
PORTER NEALEY,
24 West Market Square,
may9 tf Bangor.

MOUNT HOPE.

Having experienced help, I am prepared to do all kinds of work, such as building lots and repairing same in a thorough and workmanlike manner at about one-half of former prices. The public are invited to look to their interests. Orders left at A. G. Stuart's, Exchange Street, or C. H. Tibbetts & Co., Granite Block, will be promptly attended to.
C. H. FORBES.
may9 tf

Steam Boiler Shop.

THE HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO., having resumed the Steam Boiler and Repair business in their Boiler Shop, at the Corner of Washington and Oak Streets, Bangor, they are now prepared to fill all orders for new work and repairs, in that line, by competent workmen, with dispatch and at lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.
Also on hand and for sale at lowest prices, new and second hand Steam Engines, and flue and tubular horizontal and upright Steam Boilers.
Bangor, Maine, Jan. 25, 1878. dtf

Children's Carriages,

Bird Cages, Base Ball, Croquet, very cheap.
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Parasols, Fans, Pipes, &c., repaired.
Engraving to order.
DANIEL WHITE,
apr23 No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Real Estate.

For Rent.

On Everett Street, two small tenements in good repair. Rent low. Inquire of A. L. SIMPSON, Esq., cor. Cedar Street and West Broadway.
june3 3t*

For Rent.

A small cottage house in Brewer, near the dam. Inquire at this office.
may25

FOR RENT.

BRICK TENEMENT, No. 134 Hammond Street, with Furnace, Gas, Holly Water, and a large lot suitable for a genteel family, $225.
SOUTHERLY TENEMENT of the house, corner of Centre and Prospect Street. Well and Holly Water, $150.
SMALL HOUSE & GARDEN, No. 123 Centre Street, $60.
BRICK STORE, Easterly side of Exchange St., formerly occupied for Crockery and Glass Ware, $250.
Apply at Prescott's Real Estate Office, No. 14 Central Street
may24 2w R. S. PRESCOTT

For Rent.

A desirable tenement of six rooms within four minutes' walk of Post Office. Holly water. Enquire at 4 Court Street
may23 tf

For Rent.

A good Tenement of eight rooms. Also one on Prospect Street with five rooms.
Call at A. E. POTE'S STORE,
may2 tf Kenduskeag Bridge

FARM FOR SALE.

Containing 65 acres of Land, situated about two miles from Enfield Village. Price $500. Will exchange for City property, or sell on easy terms.
PORTER NEALEY,
may17 tf 24 West Market Sq.

Furnished House for Rent.

Mrs. Jameson's, 6 State Street. Holly water, Furnace, Gas. Apply to
JOSEPH S. SMITH,
may10 tf Office Masonic Block, Main St.

For Rent.

On Main Street, near Cedar, two cozy tenements of four rooms each, with Holly Water.
ALFRED JONES.
may10 (Com. only)

FOR SALE.

The Desirable Residence, No. 12 Birch St., near State St.,

Consisting of House, Ell, Carriage House and Stable, all in good repair, well supplied with hard and soft water. Lot 60 by 132.

Will be sold at a Great Bargain.

A rare opportunity to secure a home. Can be examined at any time. For particulars apply on the premises, or to
A. D. ROBINSON,
may7 tf At 18 Central St., Bangor.

For Rent.

A convenient and desirable Tenement, newly painted and papered throughout, situated on Court street, a few minutes' walk from the Postoffice. Inquire of J. A. Freese & Son, 61 Hammond St.
may9 tf

Offices for Rent.

Two good rooms over Chamberlain & Hodsdon's Office, on Hammond Street, very convenient for Lawyers or Physicians.
Also a nice tenement corner of York and Newbury Sts.
B. B. THATCHER,
58 Exchange Street.
or GEO. A. THATCHER, 6 Adams St.
april27 tf

TO LET.

A desirable tenement of six rooms with conveniences. Inquire of
SAMUEL CLEMENT,
No. 52 Cedar Street.
apr17

For Rent.

Room in "Hatch Block," Main St.
FRED A. HATCH.
mar18

For Sale or Rent.

Brick House 109 Court Street. Eleven good rooms newly papered and painted, with Stable, and Garden which fronts the street and is a good building lot.
If not sold soon will be rented. Apply to
JOHN PAYNE.
apr19 eod

FARM FOR SALE.

A good Farm, at Dedham, 11 miles from Bangor. 115 acres land, cuts 75 to 85 tons Hay, good tillage and pasture, good Lumber and Wood lot, House and two barns. Farming Tools and Stock if desired. Terms easy.
T. L. PARKER,
Dedham Tannery, Maine.
Inquire 31 Exchange St.
apr16 dawtf PARKER & PEAKES.

[illegible]

At No. 33 Main Street.
Everything to be sold out at some price regardless of cost. Fail not to come and see the low prices at No. 33 Main Street, adjoining the China Tea Store.
april30

Come and See Us.

Tomatoes 10 cents per Can.
Corn 12 cents per Can.
Peaches 15 cents per Can.
New Loose Muscatel Raisins, 8 cents per pound.
New Valencia Raisins 7 cents per pound.

CHINA TEA CO.
35 Main St.
march18

BUGS!

Destroy Rose bugs with

[illegible]

CALL AT

City Drug Store.

WM. E. MANN.

WORMS.

Destroy Currant worms with WHITE HELLEBORE. Call at

CITY DRUG STORE.

WM. E. MANN.
may24

PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS
AT NO. 1 MAIN ST.

I have made arrangements in the Photograph Rooms formerly occupied by M. H. Wesson. Have re-fitted and furnished them in a thorough manner and with every facility for doing good work. I respectfully solicit the public patronage.
Photographs at popular prices.
GEO. W. CALL, Photographer,
apr17 MATh3m No. 1 Main Street.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1851

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half square, one time	75
For half-square, three times	1 00
For half-square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES

$2 50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week, one-half price; one time a week*, one third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

THE HALIFAX AWARD.

SENATOR HAMLIN'S REPORT FROM THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

In the Senate, May 28, Senator Hamlin, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations submitted the following report and accompanying bill which was given a second reading by unanimous consent:

REPORT.

The committee on Foreign Relations to which was referred the message of the President, together with the letter of the Secretary of State, and the papers transmitted therewith, relating to the award of the Fisheries Commission, submit the following report with accompanying resolution and bill:

The Commission which assembled at Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in 1877, met in pursuance of the Treaty of Washington to determine a single question, and a question of importance to the United States, and the Government of Great Britain, and of special and significant weight to the Government and people of the Dominion of Canada. That question, to state it as plainly and tersely as possible, was to determine how much the privilege of the inshore fisheries of the Gulf of St. Lawrence was worth to the American fisherman, over and above what the American market, for fish, free of duty or tax, was worth to the Canadian fishermen. It was simply a question of free fishing in all Canadian waters to the American, and of free fish in all American markets to the Canadian, with the right of free fishing to the Canadian in American inshore waters, as specified in the treaty, both for the term of twelve years; and the simple and single point at issue was how much is the privilege accorded to the American worth above that which is granted to the Canadian.

The determination of this question was left under the wise and beneficent provisions of the Treaty of Washington to a Commission of three persons: Sir Alexander T. Galt named by Her Britannic Majesty; Hon Ensign H. Kellogg, named by the President of the United States, and Mr. Maurice Delfosse, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Belgium to the United States, named by the Austrian ambassador at London, in pursuance of the treaty. After hearing all the evidence and pleadings in the case, two of the Commissioners gave an award against the United States of five and a half million dollars, nearly a half million dollars per annum for the twelve years covered by the treaty. Ordinarily an award made by a commission of this character, would be paid with the utmost promptness, and without the slightest criticism. The principle of international arbitration, so successfully inaugurated under the provisions of the Treaty of Washington is of such vast importance to the peace and prosperity of the nations, and the consequent advancement of civilization, that every proper effort, and indeed every reasonable and honorable sacrifice necessary to secure and maintain it should be freely and gladly made. If comments, therefore, become necessary in regard to the award of the Halifax Commission, they will be indulged, not as of interest simply to the American side of the question, but of equal interest at least to the British side of the question. In a just and proper disposition of this question, the interests of the two nations do not and cannot differ.

Boards of arbitration, like judicial courts, are restricted in their judgments and awards by the jurisdiction that is conferred upon them. If an international board of arbitration transcends its jurisdiction, and proceeds, in any respect, *ultra vires*, there is, of course, no appeal to interpose as a corrective, except to that of the justice and honor of the nations interested. However much, then, we may regard the award made at Halifax as excessively exorbitant, and possibly beyond the legal and proper power of those making it, your committee would not recommend that the Government of the United States disregard it, if the Government of Her Britannic Majesty, after a full review of all the facts and circumstances of the case, shall conclude and declare the award to be lawfully and honorably due. If the unfailing power of self-interest may be feared as a force tending to obscure the view of the British Government as to the essential justice of the opposing side, we must remember that in the other direction no nation is more vitally interested than Great Britain in upholding and maintaining the principle and practice of international arbitration; and the intelligence and virtue of the British statesman cannot fail to suggest that arbitration can only be retained as a fixed mode of adjusting international disputes by demonstrating its efficiency as a method of securing mutual justice, and thus assuring that mutual content, without which awards and verdicts are powerful only for mischief. In the spirit of these suggestions your committee beg leave to call attention to several features of the award.

The first point claiming attention is that the award was made by only two of the Commissioners, Messrs. Galt and Delfosse, the American Commissioner, Mr. Kellogg, entering his emphatic dissent from the exercise of exclusive and plenary power on the part of the other two Commissioners. Mr. Kellogg was doubtless prompted to this course by the fact that the Treaty of Washington, in providing arbitrations, one at Geneva, one at Washington and another at Halifax, specially declared, in the case of the Geneva tribunal and the Washington Commission, that a majority should decide. In establishing the Halifax Commission no such authority was given to a mere majority of the Commission, and no provision was inserted to except the proceedings from the law of arbitration that commonly prevails in England and America; but, in the judgment of your committee, it would not be wise or expedient for the United States to refuse to pay the award on this ground, if the British Government, after the subject shall have been brought to its attention, claim that, in their judgment, the award is made in accordance with the terms of the treaty and in conformity with sound principles of law.

The second point of the award to which your committee invite attention, is its exorbitant amount, not warranted by any estimate placed upon the value of the inshore fisheries or any negotiations between the two governments. An exhaustive examination of the relative values of free fishing for Americans and free fish-markets for Canadians, was made by the agents of the two governments, respectively, anterior to the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854. It was then virtually agreed to offset the one against the other, and for the period of twelve years from 1854 to 1866, the mutual interchange of privileges was enjoyed with so great and decided disadvantage to the American fishermen, that their demand for the termination and against its renewal was absolutely unanimous. And so far as the United States was officially advised of the wishes of the Canadians, equal unanimity on their part was found in favor of continuing the Reciprocity Treaty of free fisheries and free markets. It is true that the provisions relating to the fisheries were coupled with reciprocity in other branches of commerce, but your committee make the statement with special and separate reference to the fishing interests of the two countries. The opinion governing Congress comprehended full knowledge of the fishing interest and of the unanimous desire of the American fishermen to terminate the treaty, and a like desire of the Canadian fishermen to continue it. The suggestion at that time that the United States should continue to admit Canadian fish free of duty, and also pay half a million dollars annually, to secure to our fishermen the privilege of catching mackerel in the inshore waters of Canada, would have been regarded as so unreasonable that it would neither have been proposed nor entertained. And it is but just to say, and to say it with emphasis that during the twenty-four years since the Reciprocity Treaty was negotiated, the fisheries have not improved in their resources, whereas the markets in the United States have greatly increased in their value—have nearly doubled. So that free markets to the Canadians, in exchange for free fishing to the Americans, presents to-day far greater advantages to the Canadians than they did when they were so ready and so eager to continue the arrangement of 1854.

And it is worthy of special mention that since the Treaty of Washington, negotiated in 1871, the Government of Great Britain had so little confidence that anything could be awarded in their favor that they were not anxious to have a meeting of the Commission, and interposed a proposition for another Treaty of Reciprocity, which would entirely dispense with the assembling of the Halifax Commission. There is good ground indeed for believing that the provision in reference to the fisheries in the Treaty of Washington was desired by the British Government as an entering wedge for fresh negotiations in regard to a new Treaty of Reciprocity. To this end an accomplished agent was sent to Washington in 1873 by the British Government, and his labors were aided and supported by the presence of a distinguished Canadian statesman sent hither by the Dominion of Canada. And the Treaty of Reciprocity which these British agents finally agreed upon with the State Department, and which was submitted to the Senate by the President of the United States and rejected by the Senate, contained again the provision of the former Reciprocity Treaty of free fishing and free markets; the one being tendered by the British agents as a fair and full equivalent for the other. The suggestion of half a million dollars per annum to be paid by our government for the superior privileges accorded to American fishermen would at that time (1874) have been regarded as wild and extraordinary, as it would also have been at any time since the Reciprocity Treaty was negotiated twenty years ago.

The returns of custom receipts for four full years—1873 to 1877—since the treaty for the free importation of fish from Canada has been in force, shows that our government has remitted duties to the Canadian fishermen of nearly a million and a half dollars, or nearly $350,000 per annum. Under the Halifax award, our government is now called upon to pay nearly a half million dollars more per annum for these years, making an aggregate of remission and payment of more than eight hundred thousand dollars per annum, in gold coin for the privilege of inshore fisheries, the enjoyment of which does not, according to the most reliable statistics add twenty-five thousand dollars per annum to the profits of American fishermen. In no view can it be doubted that sum. Were the treaty of free fishing and free markets perpetual in its terms we might find some elements of content, even in the exorbitant award of five and a half million dollars, in the fact that it would remove all possible danger or contention or conflict with a friendly power in a field which has hitherto been involved in difficulties and trouble. But it is not so. This large sum is in consideration of having the fishery question adjusted for the brief space named of twelve years, nearly one-half of which has expired.

But further and in addition to the large sum which has been named, which the United States will be compelled to pay, there is another and important fact to be remembered as bearing directly upon a just decision of the pending question. By the XIXth Article of the Treaty of Washington, the right of the inshore fisheries in the waters of the United States north of the thirty-ninth parallel of latitude is secured to the Canadian fishermen in the same manner substantially as is the right to American fishermen in the inshore fisheries of Canadian waters.

But startling as are these figures they do not present the whole case, for it must be remembered, as before stated, that under the treaty, the United States remits duties on Canadian fish each year of nearly $350,000, aggregating for the twelve years (allowing a slight increase for each year) the large amount of $4,500,000. This sum, which is actually withheld from the Treasury of the United States, and therefore in effect taken from it by the treaty, added to the amount of $5,500,000, makes a total of $10,000,000 which we are called upon to pay for the privilege to American fishermen, making a profit not probably exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars per annum, and cannot possibly equal twice that amount for catching mackerel within the three-mile line of the shore of the Canadian waters named in the treaty. Thus it will be seen that the Government of the United States in effect pays, reckoning interest as low as four per cent., an annual sum of $400,000 for the inconsiderable privilege conferred upon American fishermen by the Treaty of Washington. Reckoning the interest at five per cent. and the annual payment would be just a half million dollars, for that which cannot be in value fifty thousand dollars. The policy of protecting and encouraging our fisheries was so highly regarded by the founders of our government, and by those who administered it for seventy years, that large bounties were paid to develop and increase the trade and occupation. The system of our bounties was abandoned some years since, and our fishermen were left to their own energy and enterprise. By the operation of the Washington Treaty, in remitting duties, and the Halifax Commission awarding an enormous sum against us, the United States is called upon to pay annually a larger sum for the benefit of Canadian fishermen than it ever appropriated as bounties to American fishermen. It may be that American fishermen can prosper without any direct aid from their government, but they can hardly prosper when the United States is thus made to aid their strongest competitors.

When the British members of the Joint High Commission of 1871 pressed the fishery question for settlement, the best offer they could get from the American members of the Commission was that the United States would agree to pay one million dollars for the full and absolute right in common to all the Canadian fisheries in *perpetuity*. The American Commissioners refused to add the admission of Canadian fish free of duty into our markets; and the British Commissioners would not agree to any adjustment which did not give the Canadians free entry of fish into the markets of the United States. Finally it was agreed that free fish and free markets should be exchanged, and leave it to be determined by a Commission, to meet at Halifax, if anything should be paid by the United States. The protocols plainly show that the American Commissioners were striving sincerely for the settlement of a question that might disturb in the future the harmonious relations of Great Britain and the United States, and did not place a high estimate on the value of the privilege they were seeking to secure for American fishermen. Your committee entertained the opinion that all these facts should be brought to the attention of the British Government, with a view of seeing whether, in the light of them, they would claim the award to be a valid and just one, and to see whether in fact the two Commissioners who made the award had, first, a legal power and right so to do; and, second, whether in fact they did not take into consideration questions which were not submitted to them; and if such considerations might not really have influenced or governed their award upon their view of questions not before them. When the King of the Netherlands was selected in 1872 as an umpire to decide the point at issue between England and the United States, with reference to the North-Eastern Boundary, the United States did not hesitate to set his award aside, on the plain and justifiable ground stated by Mr. Clay, then Secretary of State, that His Majesty had recommended a mode of settlement outside of the facts and terms of submission. Had Messrs. Galt and Delfosse favored the Commission, and in that way the United States, with the grounds on which they based their conclusions, it might be shown that they departed as far from the facts and terms of submission as did the King of the Netherlands; and the justice of our setting aside his award, promptly and peremptorily, was never seriously disputed by the Government of Great Britain. Your committee therefore recommend that the facts connected with this award be fairly and fully submitted to the Government of Her Britannic Majesty.

In the third place your committee would suggest that, in the event of the payment of the award by the United States, the utmost care and circumspection be employed to disabuse the minds of the British and Canadian Governments, as well as the British and Canadian people, of any possible impression that the United States or the American people do or even can accept the award of the Halifax Commission as a just measure of the value of the inshore fisheries in Canadian waters. Against such inference, deduction, conclusion, or belief, the Congress of the nation, the Senators of the States, and the Representatives of the House of Representatives, and of the people, respectfully, but firmly and decidedly, protest. And they do not protest merely from a sense of the injustice that is done in the award, but also and especially because in future negotiations with England regarding trade and commerce between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, the government of the United States will not recognize the award of the Halifax Commission as, in any sense, a just measure of value of the fisheries in question.

Your committee recommend that, if its views and conclusions shall commend themselves to the approval of Congress, a concurrent resolution shall be passed by the Senate and House. And to that end a resolution is herewith submitted.

And your committee further recommend that the Executive Department of the United States should be authorized to pay the award, if, after correspondence with the Government of Great Britain, the President of the United States shall, without further communication with Congress, deem that such payment shall be demanded by the honor and good faith of the nation. And if in pursuance of that conclusion the award shall be paid, that the President shall, as soon as may be thereafter, lay the correspondence with the British Government relating thereto before Congress, unless, in his opinion, it shall be incompatible with the public interest to so do.

A BILL

Providing for the payment of the award made by the Fisheries Commission at Halifax under the Treaty of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of five and one-half million dollars, in gold coin, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and placed under the direction of the President of the United States, with which to pay to the Government of Her Britannic Majesty the amount awarded by the Fisheries Commission, lately assembled at Halifax, in pursuance of the Treaty of Washington, if, after correspondence with the British Government, the President shall deem it his duty to make payment without further communication with Congress.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

Some of the Auburn Shoe factories are doing a fair amount of work, while others are still waiting for fall trade.

Memorial day was celebrated Thursday in Lewiston and Auburn by processions of ex-soldiers, school children and others, escorted by five bands of music. The graves of soldiers in all the cemeteries were suitably decorated. There were services at Oak Hill and Riverside Cemeteries. In the evening at City Hall, Col. Spaulding delivered an address.

Judge Walton on Saturday appointed a committee to examine the affairs of Auburn Savings Bank, George C. Wing, Thomas Littlefield and H. W. Briggs. This committee will report to the Judge at 2 P. M., July 13th, when he will act on the petition for scaling down the deposit accounts. Bank Examiner Bolster stated that the Auburn Savings Bank, since April 15th, had come into possession of several pieces of real estate, on one or two of which there might be some loss. It also appeared that the bank held as collateral, some of the Barker Mill stock rated at half the market value at the time the loan was taken, the notes also being secured by names. Respecting the valuation of Franklin Company's stock held by Androscoggin Savings Bank, rated at par last fall, Mr. Bolster in reply to Mr. Briggs of Livermore, said that the valuation was put upon the stock by the Trustees whose judgment he deferred.

Cumberland.

The body of John Donovan, laborer, who lived on Centre street, Portland, was found in the dock off Brown's wharf, Friday afternoon. He probably fell in in the morning and was drowned. He was in perfect health.

The loss of Parsons, Bangs & Co., of Portland, by Wednesday's fire, will be about $1500. Not a drop of water was put into the second story of the building.

Charles E. Dyer, assistant engineer, at the Forest City Refinery, was caught in the belting at the works Friday, and badly injured, especially about the head. He was taken to his home in Cape Elizabeth. He belongs to Beacon Lodge, Odd Fellows, and has a family.

Kennebec.

The *Journal* says: A meeting of the Augusta Literary and Library Association was held at the library room Friday afternoon. No quorum being present the meeting was adjourned to Monday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock. A full attendance at this adjourned meeting is especially desired. The Association is entirely out of funds and some steps must be taken to replenish the treasury, or the library must be closed and the affairs of the Association wound up.

The *Journal* says: The Augusta Reds met the Colby University nine Decoration day, in Augusta, but only three even innings could be played on account of rain. Score—Augusta's 9, Colby's 7. The Augusta Reds are making arrangements to play the following games: Colby's, at University grounds, Waterville, Wednesday, June 5th; Bowdoins of Brunswick, Saturday, June 8th in Augusta; Egglestons of Boston, Saturday, June 15th, in Augusta. The Reds are awake this year and have a stronger nine than they have had for many seasons.

The *Journal* says: The raid on the Augusta fire department for the purpose of breaking it up in the hope of making political capital, has completely broken down, and the attacks of the Democratic board of Aldermen have ceased. The members are united, well officered and may be relied upon for effective service whenever needed.

Sagadahoc.

A few days ago as the mill men at Messrs. Cushing's mill at Bath, were sawing a spruce cut in Township B near Houlton, the saw struck a nine pound shot, which had been imbedded in the tree for many years. The shot was about ten or twelve feet from the butt.

Washington.

Schooner Owen B. Hinde, from Calais, Maine, with lumber for the Western Lumber Company, arrived at New Bedford, on Friday afternoon after a three days' trip, said to be one of the quickest passages ever made by a sailing vessel.

REPRESENTATIVE POTTER'S DEFENSE

[From the N. Y. Times.

Mr. Clarkson N. Potter has written a letter concerning his management of the investigation resolutions in the house of Representatives. It is the defense of Mr. Potter from the criticisms which have been freely bestowed upon him by the Republican press, and by many newspapers of the Democratic faith. That such a letter has been extorted from this supercilious and conceited politician is significant. It is written in answer to one of those "friends," who conveniently appear with interrogatories when a public man has explanations to make or fresh facts to publish. It is furnished to the Associated Press, as that agency affords the readiest means by which Mr. Potter's inquisitive friend in New York can be reached. If we say that the letter is entirely characteristic, we shall sufficiently describe it to those who have paid the least attention to the crooked career and indirect methods of Mr. Clarkson N. Potter.

The following is Rev. W. H. H. Murray's reply to a query from one of his Bible class (the lesson being "Joash repairing the Temple,") who asked what kind of money Israel had at that time:

Your question introduces a very interesting subject. Coin money was at this time unknown. The circulating medium consisted of bits of silver that were weighed at every transaction—a very cumbrous currency, but an absolutely honest one. You couldn't get a man to take ninety cents for a dollar in those days. An accurate pair of scales can't be influenced by Congressional tactics or votes."

APOLLINARIS WATER,
CONGRESS WATER,
FRIEDRICHSHALL WATER,
HATHORN WATER,
HUNYADI JANOS WATER,
VICHY WATER,
PULLNA WATER in bottles,
And POLAND SPRING WATER for sale by the glass or gallon, just received from the Spring.
Also, SODA WATER, with pure syrup,
At Butler's Drug Store,
3 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK.
may30

Convention of the Reform Clubs
—OF THE—
State of Maine.

The Quarterly Convention of the Reform Clubs will be held at NORWAY on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, June 5th and 6th.

Fully appreciating the good results arising from our earnestness and sincerity in this great and glorious work, we earnestly hope that all the Clubs in the State will be fully represented, "Keeping in mind our motto."

One and one third fare for the round trip on the M. C. R. R.

Return tickets will be furnished by the Secretary for the Portland & Ogdensburg, Portland & Rochester and Grand Trunk Railroads.

Per order State Committee,
FRANK KENDRICK, President.
GEO. W. MURCH, Secretary.
Portland, May 2, 1878.

WANTED.

Ten live active men to work on Salary. Apply at the Office of the Singer Manufacturing Co.
21 Main Street, Bangor.
may29 d&wtf F. H. LOWELL, Manager.

SOLUBLE
Pacific Guano.
A NO 1 FERTILIZER.

It is *Prompt, Active and Reliable.* Ten years successful use has shown it to be *of the very highest quality.* *Price moderate.* We claim for it the greatest benefit to the consumers from the smallest outlay. For sale in Bangor, by

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,
Seed Store,
No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square;

GRASS, FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS.

Cameron's Plow, Pettengill's Side Hill Plow, Walter A. Wood's Mowing Machine, Taylor's Horse Rake, Plow Castings, Farming Implements, Lime, Hair, Plaster, &c. &c.

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,
No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square,
mar15 d&w3m BANGOR, MAINE.

PLIMPTON, FISK & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Ribbons, Silks,
MILLINERY,
—AND—
STRAW GOODS
26 Summer & 92 Hawley Sts.,
BOSTON.

☞ We would call the attention of MILLINERS to an inspection of our stock, as being the largest and most complete to be found in New England. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.
mar19 TuTh&S3m

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NATURAL
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HIGHLY EFFERVESCENT,

APPROVED by the *Academie de Medecine* of France, and its sale in France authorized by special order of the French Government.
Recommended by the highest MEDICAL AUTHORITIES in New York as
"A great relief for sea-sickness."
"A delightful beverage."
"Far Superior to Vichy, Seltzer, or any other."
"Most grateful and refreshing."
"Absolutely pure and wholesome; superior to all for daily use; free from all the objections urged against Croton and artificially aerated waters."
"Impregnated only with its own gas."
"Useful and very agreeable."
"Healthful and well suited for Dyspepsia and cases of acute disease."
"Mildly antacid; agrees well with dyspeptics, and where is a gouty diathesis."
"By far the most agreeable, alone or mixed with wine; useful in Catarrh of Stomach or Bladder and in Gout."
"Not only a luxury but a necessity."
To be had of all Wine Merchants, Grocers, Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers throughout the United States, and wholesale of

FRED'K DE BARY & CO.
SOLE AGENTS,
Nos. 41 and 43 Warren Street, New York.

Every genuine bottle bears the registered "YELLOW" pictorial label of the
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Whig and Courier.

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C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1878.

THE TILDEN "FRAUD" CAMPAIGN.

[From the Boston Journal.]

The Tilden-Potter Committee began their work Saturday. For many months Mr. Tilden's agents have been fabricating a bomb that was to startle the country and at the same time place a number of prominent Republicans in a condition in comparison with which simple infamy would be welcomed as bliss. Everything had been prepared for this grand explosion. Correspondents of the Independent press, so called, hinted at the contents of the letters and predicted the result. In other words, copies had been furnished some of them against the day of firing the mine. The claquers had all been secured and schooled to perform their parts in a manner to give the highest effect to the performance. The Tilden special prefaces the testimony with a most remarkable advertisement in which Mr. Anderson is accorded a high character, Secretary Sherman is made to appear like a convict, and Republicans generally in the vicinity of Washington are in a state of "consternation." Never was an event so skilfully heralded or a performance so wildly applauded by those most interested in its success.

Fortunately, however, people are not going to judge this case upon the representations made by Mr. Tilden's agents and partisans. They are going to look at the testimony, the character of the men making the revelations, the standing of the men against whom charges are made, and to exercise their own judgment as to whether or not the testimony and the action of the parties concerned in the matter correspond in such a manner as to render the testimony credible.

Of Mr. Anderson, the witness, it is not necessary to say much. If his testimony is true, he voluntarily brands himself as a habitual perjurer. If the contracts he declares to have made with Mr. Nash and others were actual transactions, he is a professional rascal. When, therefore, Mr. Anderson appears as an accuser, his testimony transfers him to the criminal box and becomes a confession and a plea of guilty. Passing by the motives of the man, is his story entitled to credence after he shows himself in the light he has?

The testimony places a number of Louisiana politicians in a most unenviable light, and shows that Senator Matthews has not been discreet, but beyond these parties, on the supposition it is true even on the supposition that the alleged Sherman letter was written by that gentleman, what other parties are implicated? Look at the letter carefully. According to Anderson's story, he and Mr. Webber, now dead, had written a letter to Mr. Sherman stating that they must be protected—would have to leave the State in case they did their duty in respect to the returns in question. Mr. Sherman replies that if "they stand firm in the position which they have taken," he guarantees that they will be cared for. What element of conspiracy does this letter contain when it is compared with the Tilden-Pelton telegram in cypher, in which $5000 was furnished to buy a Republican Elector to act with Cronin?

There is one fact which more than all else, more even than the disreputable character which Anderson gives himself, which tends to render the testimony incredible. He assumes that the President, Secretary Sherman and Senator Matthews are fully aware of the nature of the revelations he could make. These men were well aware that they could secure his silence by giving him such a Consulship as he desired. Now, is it probable, nay, is it possible, that the President, if he believed that Anderson's testimony would be of a damaging character, would have failed to have complied with his demands and thereby purchased silence? Mr. Anderson, if we believe him, had threatened to use these letters and to make the statement which would expose the alleged frauds in Louisiana if he was not bought off with an office. If he could have been induced by this means to carry about a burdened conscience, is it within the range of possibility that the Administration would turn a deaf ear to his proposals? If the President could have purchased silence with a Consulship, is it reasonable to suppose that he would have acted like an insane man when Anderson told him of his power for mischief? The country has expected that Anderson would ask it to believe that the President and his advisers are knaves, but when he, by his testimony, requires it to conclude that they are fools, he asks too much.

Mr. Tilden's managers and his Washington claquers who color testimony by imaginative surroundings, give character to men like Anderson, and talk of wide-spread consternation, may make themselves believe that they are deceiving the people by such stage effects, but the candid men, who desire to understand the case, will look to the testimony itself, to the character of the witnesses, and to the influences which have quickened their consciences at so late a day. They will, moreover, require such testimony to be reasonable in the light of subsequent acts and facts before they accept it as truth. Tried by this test, Mr. Anderson's story is an improbability.

[From the Boston Advertiser.]

The testimony given by James E. Anderson before the Potter committee Saturday reveals a great deal of iniquity, the witness confessing he was himself at the bottom of it. The veracity of this witness is yet to be established; but his own confessions, made as if he had no idea there was any impropriety in them, afford a taste of his quality. What he confesses about himself is substantially this:

1. That after the election he hesitated whether to tell the truth about the vote in East Feliciana, or to make a false return.

2. That although he "disliked to make overtures to the Democrats," he did enter into negotiations with them, received and considered their offer of a bribe in money and a salaried office to certify to what he now says is the truth.

3. That having heard the offers of both parties, he entered into a written agreement with Congressman Nash to suppress the truth and secure the election in consideration of a promise of appointment as naval officer at New Orleans.

4. That he subsequently sent a letter to the New York *Sun* in which he lied in telling how the letters came into his possession; lied in saying that he (Anderson) himself was in Washington; and lied again by signing a false name to the letter.

All this we learn from Anderson himself, who is as likely as not to have lied in his own confession. The letters testified to were all, according to his own story, written by himself, and he had several months in which to nurse his grievances and prepare his plot. Of course the letters might have been written at the dates they bear, but his presenting them gives not a shadow of proof that they were ever sent to the persons to whom they were addressed. And besides, a man who confesses that after the election he thought this thing over, and decided to lie it out, might easily have falsified in a letter to a friend. The correspondence discredits the writer, whether it was or was not actual correspondence, and whether the statements in it were true or false.

So much for Anderson. What does he prove against others? The real point at issue is whether there was fraud in Louisiana, and Anderson is trying to make it appear, not only that he himself was guilty of fraud, but that Mr. Sherman and Mr. Matthews had guilty knowledge of it,—that they were accessories before the fact. But the letters put in do not prove that, or even raise a reasonable suspicion of it. If they are such letters as might have been written by members of a conspiracy, they are also such as might have been sent by gentlemen who had no knowledge of anything wrong in contemplation. Take the Sherman letter. Anderson says he was in fear from both parties. He was dogged and watched. He did not know by whom the spies were set. He knew, however, that his life was in danger, whatever he might do. He wanted assurances that he should be provided for outside Louisiana when his connection with the East Feliciana return was completed. He opened negotiations with both parties, and concluded a bargain with Congressman Nash. Then he wanted it confirmed by higher authority, and went to Sherman. He asked for a written guarantee—of what and on what consideration? That he should be "provided for" if he stood firm. Suppose it is granted, then, that Mr. Sherman wrote the letter substantially as offered. If we assume that Mr. Sherman knew that Anderson would be committing a fraud if he stood firm, the letter certainly makes him a guilty sharer in the fraud. But is not the fact of fraud by Anderson and the knowledge of it by Mr. Sherman the very thing that is to be proved? On the more probable theory that Anderson is now seeking revenge by attacking the Secretary, even at the expense of his own character, and that he was truthful when he declared that there was not a free election in East Feliciana, the letter attributed to Mr Sherman is no more subject to criticism than the letters of other politicians, sorely pressed by needy and persistent applicants for office. Here was a man who professed to fear for his life if he swore to the truth in regard to the election in his parish. He had hesitated whether to take the risk, but had finally decided on a promise, about which Mr. Sherman knew nothing, to do so. Still he had misgivings, and asked Mr. Sherman to reassure him, and to promise him that if he should need to leave the State he should be provided for. That assurance supposing the letter to be genuine, Mr. Sherman gave. Of course it meant that Anderson should have an office, and we may admit that we do not like that way of pensioning off men who have performed services to a party, even if they are unobjectionable services. But that is all there is of it. Nothing is produced to show guilty knowledge on the part of Mr. Sherman that fraud was contemplated, and without that proof the letter was innocent enough.

Mr. Matthews is not a discreet man. The country has had ample evidence of that fact. But his letters to Anderson are not those of a man who was engaged in a conspiracy to one of the conspirators. He recognized the claims of Anderson on the administration, but, inasmuch as from his point of view the claim would be as great, if Anderson had only risked his life for the truth, as if he had secured the Presidency for Mr. Hayes by a lie, it is not necessary to jump to the worse supposition that Mr. Matthews was trying to reward successful fraud. Moreover, neither Matthews nor the members of the Cabinet, nor the President showed any such anxiety to meet the wishes of his persistent and inconvenient claimant of an office as agrees with the supposition that they were aware that he had committed fraud in their interest. On the contrary, they have acted as if they believed Anderson had done his plain duty at some sacrifice to himself, and that they had done all that was necessary for him, when they had offered him an office which would afford him the means of living outside of Louisiana.

Upon the accession to power of the present Pope it was gathered, from all considerations of his past history and what was known of his character, that he would act in the discharge of his functions as the head of the church in a spirit of tolerance, if not favor, toward that liberalism in the world at large which had been the horror of all authorities in Rome for some years past. Opinion did, it appears, but bare justice to his intentions in that respect; but, alas! the world was apparently only half right in its anticipations with regard to the new Pontiff; for while it believed him justly to favor liberal ideas, it also believed him to be a man so resolute and vigorous in the pursuit of what he deemed the right that it would be impossible to defeat his will. In this last respect the world was probably wrong, as reports from Rome indicate that the extreme ultramontane propaganda active in that city, has so persistently opposed all the better purposes of the Pope as to force him almost to the determination to abdicate his office.

Springfield will be in bright colors this week. To-day the national encampment of the Grand Army will meet, and thorough preparations have been made. In the forenoon at eleven o'clock, the Society of the Army of the Potomac will hold hold a reunion in the City Hall, and many smaller organizations will once more close up the ranks, whose vacant places will speak almost in tears of the cost of the Union which still needs vigilant loyalty. Private receptions will add to the interest, and the address by Mr. Beecher and the poem by R. H. Stoddard will be likely to call in many listeners who have never been mustered into the national service. Four States will be represented by their Chief Magistrates,—Rice of Massachusetts, Van Zandt of Rhode Island, Hubbard of Connecticut and Hartranft of Pennsylvania. A street parade will probably take place, and there will be profuse decorations of public buildings, business houses and private dwellings.

Such a catastrophe as the sinking of the German iron-clad in the English Channel, with the recollection of similar disasters, naturally suggests doubts of the security in war of such vessels. The Vanguard, the Captain and the Eurydice have all gone to the bottom of the sea or to complete wreck. Millions have been spent to make the armor of these ships impenetrable to the heaviest ordnance, and yet when one drifts against another both are injured and one goes down like an anchor. Would England's great iron-clad fleet prove more serviceable in war? It is wholly uncertain, for these costly experiments have been delicately cared for and only taken out on parade occasions in smooth water for short trips. They will doubtless well withstand attacks for which they were specially designed; but torpedoes sprung at random, collisions with beaked vessels of even far less weight and the tests of storms and grounding, may fairly justify the old sailors' dislike of the new craft.

GENERAL RAMIREZ DE ARELLANO, who died recently at Rimini, in Italy, was one of the most noted of the Mexican Generals who espoused the cause of Maximilian. For his defense of Queretaro, Maximilian made Arellano a General on the field of battle. After the defeat of the French he escaped in disguise to the City of Mexico, and after the fall of Maximilian escaped to Europe. Just before his death he received notice that President Diaz had pardoned him and given permission for him to return to Mexico. He died in poverty at the Rimini hospital.

Londoners are enjoying a romantic story about an East Indian potentate who, long years ago became enthralled by the charms of an English lady, to whom he gave a ring, with a pledge that he would deny nothing to the bearer of it. During the dark days of the mutiny, when the loyalty of this prince was of vital importance but doubtful, the lady sent him the ring and bade him be true. The Indian, like a true knight, kept his troth and rendered the English valuable service. Now the lady asks for the new female order of the Crown of India for her reward, but unfortunately she has just figured in a great scandal trial.

Special Notices.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

[illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME.

Commencing MONDAY, June 10th, the Steamers of this line will make four trips per week leaving Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 A. M.

Will leave Boston every MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, at 5.30 P. M.

From this date until October 1st, excursion tickets will be sold from Bangor to Boston and return for $6.00.

Regular Summer advertisement will soon be inserted.

JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
Bangor, June 4, 1878.

TAKE NOTICE.

KIDDER & RICE

are still selling at reduced prices the best of SURLOIN ROASTS FOR ONE SHILLING per lb.; RUMP STEAK AT 20 CENTS, and good Steak as low as 12½ cts.

Also, a large lot of SALT PORK on hand by the barrel or by the pound, at from

6 to 8 cents. per lb.

All other articles usually kept in first class markets at same rates.

Nos. 1 and 3 Norombega Market.
may21 3m sn

DR. BLAISDELL'S

Residence corner of Essex and Somerset Sts. Office, on Main St. in Block occupied by N. C. Dowding. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.
april25

D. W. MAXFIELD,
DENTIST.

Office No. 2 1-2 Strickland's Block,
Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted sn tf oct31

The undersigned would receive pupils, especially in Latin, Greek, and the Mathematics necessary for entrance on the classical course in college.

Any one interested is invited to communicate with him, either personally or by mail.

JAMES H. CROSBY,
may7 3m* 8 Broadway.

For Sale.

A first rate tenement House on Pine St. Apply to J. D. WARREN,
may22 snlm 21 Main St., Bangor.

If you are thinking of going to Europe this Summer, you should call at once on W. E. Brown, 21 Main St., and engage Berth. Tickets by any first class Line.

AN[illegible]LS

PRINTED

LOWEST PRICES,

BY SMITH & SON,
may29 9 Kenduskeag Bridge.

[illegible]

We call the attention of the public to our strictly Pure White Lead, for which we have appointed RICE & SKINNER Sole Agents for Bangor and vicinity.

BURGESS, FOBES & CO.
Portland, March 18, 1878. sn

KEEP [illegible]

Refrigerators. Refrigerators!!

THE PEERLESS REFRIGERATOR, the best and cheapest in the market.

Warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

FOR SALE BY

C. W. MERRILL & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE of all kinds,

63 and 65 Main Street.
may21 sn

Mr. John L. Hodsdon, Jr.,

is prepared to engage a few more pupils for instruction in Vocal Music at their residences. Mr. Hodsdon's teachers at Milan were the celebrated LAMPERTI, *pere*, Signor GALLIERI and Madame Abbadia. he is thoroughly conversant with the German and Italian languages, and prepared to teach the Operas of *Verdi, Bellini, Donizetti, Meyerbeer, Gounod, Rossini, Thomas,* etc. Mr. Hodsdon teaches the "Lamperti Method."

TERMS—$40 for twenty hour lessons; $20 for twenty half hour lessons.
may28 sn

AT THE

[illegible]

You can still get the same quality of goods for less money than of any other parties. A well selected stock of both

SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS,

constantly on hand. Would call especial attention to the W. P. EMERSON, both Square and upright, they being an old established make and remarkable for standing in tune. The LATEST STYLES of ORGANS always on hand among which are a variety of the celebrated

PALACE ORGANS

which, besides having all the improvements of the modern organs, have many new and valuable ones never before offered. (The same will be explained to any who wish.) Band Instruments, Strings and Sheet Music, and other Musical merchandise very low.

C. F. SAWTELLE,
march2s (Com. copy.) 76 Main Street

PATRONIZE A BANGOR BOY.

BOOK BINDING

OF ALL KINDS.

BLANK BOOKS

—AND—

RULING

TO ORDER. Magazine Work and Jobbing done done in the best manner.

THADDEUS P. DOLE,

No. 12 Main Street,

Sign of the Big Book.

may2 snd3 tf BANGOR, ME.

PENSIONERS.

E. E. SMALL

HAS REMOVED TO

No. 2 West Market Square,

(Under Telegraph Office,)

and will continue to collect Pensions on the most reasonable terms.
may27 1w

[illegible]

Having made an arrangement with a number of the best Butter makers in the country, I am prepared to furnish all my customers with very Choice Butter at a very low price. Please give me a call.

Store Corner Park and Centre Streets.

HARTFORD POND.

Bangor, May 18, 1877. sn 3w

A TRIP TO EUROPE AND THE ORIENT!

Course of 5 ILLUSTRATED LECTURES

—BY—

MR. J. L. STODDARD,

AT UNITY HALL.

First Lecture—MILAN & VENICE,

On TUESDAY EVENING, June 4th.

TICKETS FOR THE COURSE:

With Reserved Seats, $1.25
Without " " 1.00
Single Admission, 30 cents

For sale at Jacob Stern & Co's
june3 sn 2t

LONG JOHN

Still stands the tallest in the FIVE CENT CIGAR ranks, and can be found only at No. 4 Harlow St.
W. S. MORRILL.
june3

IN PRESS.

[illegible]

—WITH—

NOTES OF DECISIONS,

—AND—

RULES AND ORDERS FOR PRACTICE,

—BY—

Chas. Hamlin, Esq.,

OF PENOBSCOT BAR,

Will be issued in a few days by

[illegible]

june1 sn 2w

DR. LEMONT

has removed to

No. 7 Adams St., near York St.
nov23 tf [Com. copy]

A NEW LOT OF

Chip Bonnets and Hats,

Children's LEGHORN HATS, and a choice selection of FLOWERS just received at

No 60 Main St.

NELLIE DAGGETT.
may30 sn 1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I have just returned from the West and have succeeded in buying CLOTHING of all kinds for Ladies, Gents and Children, which must be sold regardless of cost in twenty days.

I also have in connection a Cleansing and Repair ing Department, and am giving general satisfaction to first class patronage.

Call on me before going elsewhere.

W. A. JOHNSON,
april23 75 Pickering Square.
(Com. copy.)

For Rent.

Store No. 2 Harlow's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, now occupied by A. B. Robinson as a Fruit Store, Soda and Beer Manufactory, supplied with Holly water, &c. The location is its own recommendation.

ALSO,

Either alone or connected with the above by fireproof door, the third story of the corner store now finished into one of the pleasantest halls in town. Apply to S. C. HARLOW,
may6 sn 151 Centre St.

NEW YORK Papers.

Daily GRAPHIC and TIMES. Weekly HERALD, TIMES and WORLD.

ON SALE AT

John T. Bowler & Co.'s,

No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge.
may29 sn

[illegible]

TUESDAY, June 4th,

BY STEAMER MAY FIELD.

Tickets for the round trip, 50 cents. Leave Steamboat Wharf at 7½ P. M. sharp. Will stop at all the landings on the river.

If the weather is not favorable, it will be postponed to Friday, June 7th. For particulars apply to W. P. DICKEY, Hardware Dealer
may3

GREAT SLAUGHTER

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS, at Wholesale prices to reduce our stock and make room for the

Little Mozé Upright Piano.

SPECIAL CASH OFFERS.

1 New 7⅓-Octave Piano, elegant Rosewood case, carved legs, price $500, only $225.
1 New 5-Octave Organ, price $225, for only $85.
1 Good 7-Octave Chickering Piano, four round corners, Rosewood case, only $150.
1 Good 5-Octave Organ, only $35.

These goods are fully warranted and kept in tune for one year. If the above prices are not low enough please call and make your own prices as they must be sold.

PATTEN & WHEELDEN,
oct9 d&w

STAND

not upon the order of coming, but come at once to DWELLY & CO., 48 Main Street, and look at their hats for Ladies, Misses and Children. All kinds and at LOW PRICES.
may9 sn

The Life Companies

Of eighteen years ago, with the exception of four, are sound and strong to-day. Nearly all the failures come from Companies organized during the war. The old Companies like the Connecticut Mutual do not fail.

H. N. FAIRBANKS, Gen'l. Agent,

Room 3, 21 Main Street, Bangor.
may23

LOW PRICES!

We have MARKED DOWN our Stock to meet the times, and shall sell for CASH, at prices that MUST meet the demands of all our customers.

We quote the figures on a few articles:

Ladies Serge Congress Boots,	$1.00
Ladies Kid Button Boots,	1.25 and 1.00
Ladies' Kid Side Lace Boots,	2.00
Ladies' Kid Walking Shoes,	1.10
Ladies Foxed Button Boots,	1.50
Ladies' Foxed Polish Boots,	1.25
Mens' Opera Boots, only	2.50
Mens' French Ties,	1.25
Men's Congress Boots,	1.25

We have a SPLENDID line of Mens', Boys' and Youths' FINE Calf Ties in Goat and Calf. Also Congress and Button Boots.

RIVER DRIVERS

can find with us ONLY, MILLER'S (Orono) CELEBRATED

Driving Boots and Shoes.

Every pair warranted and stamped "MILLER" on the soles.

HATS, HATS!

In STRAW, FUR and WOOL, in all styles, coming in almost every day.

Don't fail to call on us if you want a GOOD TRADE.

BUZZELL & SHAW,

20 Main Street.
may16 sn

Upright Piano

is, from its small, compact form and handsome exterior, especially suited to the parlors of many houses where a Square Piano could not conveniently be placed. The volume of tone is fully equal to any Square Grand Pianos, while the quality is of the most exquisite musical character. The durability of Upright Pianos, and their capacity of standing in tune, is unparalleled in the history of Piano-making. I have both UPRIGHT and SQUARE PIANOS of all grades and prices, including the unapproachable

STEINWAY & SONS.

PIANO COVERS, elegant designs, Piano Stools, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Harmonicas.

New Music every day, everything in the musical line. Entire stock new and attractive.

F. S. DAVENPORT,

Main St., under Globe Hotel.
jan1

For Rent with Board.

A very pleasant suite of rooms on the lower floor, suitable for a man and wife, in an excellent locality, five minutes walk from Post Office. Terms low.

Address *P. O. Box 1062.*
may23 sn 2w*

LUMBERMEN AND RIVER DRIVERS TAKE NOTICE.

That I am prepared to furnish Scull Oars, Batteau Oars, Paddles, Split and Shaved Cant-Dog Stocks, Ash, Spruce and Maple Poles, and Setting Poles, of a superior quality and at short notice, which I am selling as low as can be bought elsewhere. Parties that are in want of any of the above Driving Tools had better compare my Stock with others before purchasing.

All orders promptly attended to.

EDMUND FREEMAN.
Oldtown, Jan. 19th, 1878. sn tm*

[illegible] SAFEST SECURITIES

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

—BY—

[illegible] BANKERS, and Proprietors of the BANGOR Safe Deposit Vaults,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

$50, $100, $500 and $1000 Bonds constantly on hand for sale. We Buy and Sell all Marketable Securities, and transact a regular Banking Business.
april1 sn

[illegible]

Open this morning 200 pairs

LADIES' UNDRESSED KID GLOVES,

in beautiful Spring Shades,

which they will sell at the unprecedented low price of

One Dollar a Pair.

Also 200 Pairs more of those

JOSEPHINE SEAMLESS KIDS,

Every pair warranted.

Only One Dollar and a Half a pair.
may20

DIED.

In Monroe, June 23, Samuel Sherburne, aged 79 years.

[illegible]

HARLOW'S SUPERIOR EXTRACT

Contains only pure Ginger, is the strongest preparation in the market, is sold at a low rate and always gives satisfaction.

HARLOW'S

Wine of Beef and Iron.

ELIXIR CALISAYA BARK AND IRON.

BITTER WINE OF IRON.

Neutralizing Cordial.

HARLOW'S

Sportsman's Comfort!

Keeps off Musquitoes and Black Flies.

QUININE HAIR TONIC.

Melrose Tooth Wash.

Fragrant Cologne Water.

Harlow's Drug Store;

NO. SMITH BLOCK.
june4

[illegible]

I shall cut PENOBSCOT RIVER SALMON for ONE SHILLING PER POUND, the choicest cuts

C. H. KIRKPATRICK,
june4 No. 5 Harlow St.

SEASIDE HOUSE,

ISLESBORO, MAINE.

Open to Summer visitors June 20th. Nice Boating, Bathing, &c. A nice hall connected with house which will be let to excursions, &c., on very reasonable terms.

J. H. RYDER.
Islesboro, June 4, 1878. eodlm

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Charles Buffum, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 3d day of June, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Charles Buffum, of Orono, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District, filed May 2, 1878.

EZRA C. BRETT, Assignee.
june4 eTu3w&w1t

MARBLE Mantles and Shelves

in great variety and at lower prices than ever offered in this city, at the

BRADBURY MARBLE WORKS

East Market Square.
Bangor, June 3d, 1878. 1w

LADIES' HATS,

MISSES' HATS,

CHILDREN'S HATS.

A Large Lot just received from New York.

Some New Shapes.

We shall be pleased to show them to you, at

C. W. COFFIN'S,

19 Main Street.
may7

[illegible]

The subscriber having leased this magnificent Hotel for the coming season until the first day of October will open it on the 10th of June, as a seaside boarding house, and is prepared to engage rooms and board on liberal terms. Address MRS. HATTIE B. BANKS,
june1 3m Fort Point, Stockton, Me.

[illegible] & BAKER

TAILORS,

have in Stock

[illegible]

—FOR—

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

[illegible]

All the Novelties in Trimmings.

Please give us a call and see for yourself.

5 Kenduskeag Block.

Bangor, May 30, 1878. 1m

Auction Sales.

EDWARD LEAVITT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER

No. 12 Central St.
aug19

[illegible]

AT AUCTION!

WEDNESDAY, June 5, 10 A. M.,

At No. 12 Central Street.

I shall sell at auction 1 Set Furniture and 1 Carpet, the same being pledged as collateral.

W. J. WEBB.
EDWARD LEAVITT, Auct'r. my30

HORSE RAKES AT AUCTION!

On THURSDAY, the 27th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

in Pickering Square, in Bangor,

Four Horse Rakes complete—the Ithica, Four Horse Rakes not complete—the Ithica, marked G. W Collins, Bangor, sold by order of the Maine Central Railroad to pay the charges thereon.

EDWARD LEAVITT, Auct'r.
May 29, 1878.

PEARL & WEBB,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

24 West Market Square.

Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

For Rent.

A very desirable residence situated on Broadway, near State Street, within five minutes walk of Post Office.

For particulars apply to

PEARL & WEBB,
march22 22 West Market Square.

J. B. FOSTER,

AUCTIONEER,

—AND—

Commission Merchant

No. 8 Foster & Bragg's Block,

PICKERING SQUARE.
june17

PORTER NEALEY,

Real Estate Broker,

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

24 and 26 West Market Square
march18 d&w BANGOR, MAINE.

CARRIAGE DEPOSITORY

Next door to Nichols' Stable,

CENTRAL STREET.

[illegible]

ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES,

AT LOW PRICES.

Top Buggies.
Concord Wagons.
Carryalls.
Phaetons.
Express Wagons.
Sunshades.
Light Trotting Wagons.
Job Wagons.
Jump Seat Carryalls.

Fine Top Buggies, Side Bar, with Brewster or Whitney Springs.

If you want anything in this line I can certainly suit you.

If you find no one at the Depository, enquire at

New Shoe Store, No. 6 Main Street,

where you will find

LINEN HORSE COVERS

—AND—

CARRIAGE DUSTERS,

CARRIAGE MATS & UMBRELLAS.

F. P. WOOD.
may31

[illegible]

Verbenas—fine Plants in all colors, five cents each.

Tuberroses, fine flowering bulbs, 10 cents each.

Petunias, Asters, ten weeks stocks, &c., 30 cents per dozen.

Fine pot grown Plants, all kinds, 15 cents each. Also a fine assortment for urns, baskets, &c.

T. ALLEN,
june1 1w Court Street.

REMOVAL.

THE BANGOR EDGE TOOL CO., have removed to their new shop,

No. 57 Exchange Street,

and are now prepared to do all kinds of Machine Work and Blacksmithing at reduced prices.

Also Power to let.

BANGOR EDGE TOOL CO.
may30

Keep out the Flies.

500,000 SQUARE FEET

—OF—

WIRE CLOTH

Suitable for screen doors and windows.

—AT—

[illegible]'S,

Successors to E. H. HOGG.
may6 d&w

BUTTER!

Parties wishing the E. S. HUNTING BUTTER, of Corinth, this season, will find it at

THOMPSON & KELLOGG'S,

where you can get the best in Penobscot county, such as W. G. Comins of Eddington, Wm. Hays of Corinth, A. J. Wiggin, C. Foster E. Stetson, and George Keys of Stetson.
my29

THE PHENIX BRAND PURE [illegible]

Is corroded by the only true method known as the "OLD DUTCH PROCESS."

and is sold with the positive assurance of absolute purity, by

[illegible]

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL &c.,

[illegible]
mar18 BANGOR. d&w

"[illegible] Ever Ceased"

Let you know the best place this side of the Equator, to get articles of Jewelry made, repaired and engraved, write me.

EBEN STEVENS,

36 Hammond Street, Opposite Court House.
may15

[illegible], AVEN[illegible] & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO A. LEIGHTON,

PLUMBING, STEAM-FITTING,

—AND—

WATER-PIPING.

Manufacturers of Galvanized Cornice and Gutters,
Also dealers in Drain and Sewer Pipe.

Exchange, Corner of York Street.
june3 tf

LADIES:

LOOK AT THE PRICES!

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MAKE GARMENTS WHEN YOU BUY A[illegible]

6 Tuck Under Skirt,	for 25 cents.
6 Tuck Under Skirt, Tucked Ruffle,	for 50 cents.
6 Tuck Walking Skirt,	for 50 cents.
10 Tuck Walking Skirt,	for 60 cents.
20 Tuck Walking Skirt,	for 85 cents.
Chemises, Neck and Sleeves Ruffle,	for 50 cents.
Drawers, 3 Tucks and Ruffle,	only 50 cents.
Night Robes,	from 75 cents to $2.50.

ALL GARMENTS MADE OF GOOD COTTON & WELL MADE.

40 MAIN STREET.

C. W. STEVENS.

Bangor, May 27, 1878.

GO TO O. V. BROWN'S

No. 15 West Market Square,

And see the Best Full Regular English Hose You ever saw for 25 cents per pair.

Also, Children's and Misses' Full Regular Stripe Hose for 37 1-2 cents per pair.

Look at Gent's White Shirt made of the best Wamsutta Cloth for 85 cents each.

50 dozen Towels for 5 cents each. 50 dozen Towels for 10 cents each.

Splendid Marseilles Spread for $3.00, cheap at $5.00.

500 dozen J. & J. P. Coates and Geo. A. Clark Thread for 3 cents a spool.

Ladies Print Wrappers for $1.00.

White Knitting Cotton for 3 cents per Ball.

I have just received a full assortment of Frank Leslie's Paper Patterns, Spring and Summer Styles. Call for New Catalogue.

O. V. BROWN.

Bangor, Apri. 13, 1878.

Water, Steam and Gas Fitting.

W. G. PEAKES & SON,

GIVE US A CALL.

7 State Street, Bangor, Maine.
april30 1m

W. F. W[illegible] & CO.,

Carriage Manufacturers.

We respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to our splendid assortment of Business and Pleasure Carriages. With a practical experience of twenty years as Carriage Builders and with the introduction of the various modern improvements, giving employment to none but skilful workmen, and always using the most reliable materials, we are prepared at all times to furnish to the [illegible] first class Carriages of every description, and of the latest and most approved designs.

We offer among the leading styles for the Spring trade

Side-Bar Brewster Buggies,	Close Top Rockaways,
Brixton Top Buggies,	Phaetons,
Beach Wagons,	Side Spring Rockaways,
Top and No Top Bangor Buggies,	End Spring Rockaways,

Plainfield Top and no Top Buggies, &c.

ALSO,

A Great Variety of Second Hand Carriages

Always on hand at bottom prices. Having every facility for repairing same at a small cost, we are enabled to discount to buyers the repair bills they are obliged to pay to all speculators in old Carriages outside of carriage factories.

CARRIAGE REPAIRING

attended to with promptness, and in a thorough manner.

W. F. W[illegible] & CO.,

Harlow Street, Bangor, Me.
april27

DRAIN PIPE

FOR SALE BY

[illegible], LEIGHTON & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

29 CENTRAL STREET.
april0

LEWISTON HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.

The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the traveling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park Streets, nearly opposite City Building and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.

ROYAL QUIMBY, } Proprietors.
EBEN MURCH, }
nov27

Why will You Pay High Prices.

The Boss Clothing House, 77 Exchange st.

SELLS

Men's All Wool Pure Indigo Yacht Suits,	for $11.50
Men's All Wool Cheviot Suits,	for 10.00
Men's Fine Business Suits,	for 8.00
Men's Custom-made Worsted Suits, extra fine	for 18.00

In CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' SUITS we have the largest assortment in the market, and as specialties will mention:

Child's Strong Summer Suits, age 3 to 9,	$1.37½
Child's extra fine Blue Suits, very stylish, age 3 to 9,	5.75
Children's Waists,	.29
Boys' Suits, age 8 to 16,	from $3.75 to 8.50
Another lot of 200 dozen Men's Fancy Cambric Shirts, stylish, with two collars,	67 cents.

In fact we have the largest, the best assorted, and best made stock of Clothing, at the very lowest prices. Call and convince yourself at

[illegible]erman's "Boss Clothing House,"

Sign of the Dressed Man. 77 EXCHANGE ST.
may23 d&w

REMEMBER

The place to get nice REFRIGERATORS cheap for cash is at HILL'S STOVE STORE, 1 Granite Block. may30 eod1w

A BARGAIN.

One New Light Speedy Concord Wagon
One easy going Rockaway, sound and kind.
Particulars may be learned at No. 133 Exchange St. C. L. CHALMERS.
may29

[illegible] SPRING WATER

Having made arrangements with the Proprietors of the Poland Mineral Spring to be supplied, am now prepared to sell by the barrel, half barrel, or a smaller quantity as may be desired. Reference being had of the Wonderful Cures in the circulars at my Store, 104 Ohio St., of the highest responsibility. Any one suffering with the Kidney or Liver Complaint, will do well to get a supply of the Water and obtain relief.

H. G. PITCHER, Agent.
Bangor, May 24, 1878. d&wlm

F. H. CLERGUE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

No. 4 Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Me.

Faithful attention to rents and collections.
apr6 d&w

WANTED.

First Class Custom Coat Makers Wanted. We pay old prices, no cut down, 10 cents on each coat higher than any other house in the city.

JAMES TOBIN,
may30 1w 45 West Market Square

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

FIELD, ROBERTSON & CO.,

44 Hammond St., Bangor, Maine.

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS

MOULDINGS of all kinds made to order at short notice. PLANING, TURNING, JIG and BAND Sawing done in all its branches. WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES constantly on hand and made to order. STAIR NEWELS and BANISTERS for sale and made to order.

N. B. Mr JOSEPH NASON, one of the best workmen in the State, will give his personal attention to all orders for TURNING, JIG and BAND SAWING, and we guarantee to do the best work at the lowest prices. ORDERS SOLICITED.
apr17 d&wtf

Whig and Courier.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1878.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM BELFAST.

Farm House Burned.

BELFAST, June 3. The farm house of Horace Park out of the city proper, was burned this forenoon; cause defective chimney. Loss $2,500. Insured for $1,800.

FROM CAMDEN.

Death of Rev. C. E. Knowlton.

CAMDEN, June 3. Rev. C. E. Knowlton of Rockport who attempted suicide, died yesterday, being unconscious all the time.

MARINE DISASTER.

NEW YORK, June 3. A pilot boat rescued the crew of the schooner Geo. Kilburn, which was abandoned yesterday twelve miles from Barnegat Light. The schooner was owned by Sweet & Co., of Bangor, Me. She is a total loss.

FROM PORTLAND.

Death of a School Teacher.

PORTLAND, June 3. James Furbish, for many years a prominent teacher in this city, died at Old Orchard to-day, after being helpless for eighteen months from paralysis.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS--Second Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.

Mr. Blaine submitted a resolution that the President be requested to communicate the correspondence with Great Britain in regard to inviting other maritime powers to accede to the rules prescribing the duty of neutral Governments as set forth in the 6th article of the treaty of Washington. Agreed to.

Mr. Dorsey from the Committee on railroads, reported a substitute for the Johnston bill supplementary to the act to incorporate the Texas Pacific railroad.

Mr. Edmunds moved to take up the bill relating to Presidential elections. Defeated 26 to 27 against.

Mr. Conkling introduced a bill to pay Collector Arthur $5,000 to cover sums stolen or disappeared from the office of the cashier of the New York Custom House without default or negligence of the Collector.

Mr. Edmunds from the committee on the Judiciary submitted an amendment to the House bill, appropriating $20,000 for expenses of the Potter Investigating Committee so as to appropriate $20,000 to be placed to the credit of the contingent fund of the Senate to defray the expenses of any investigations ordered by the Senate during the 45th Congress. Referred to the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Morrill called up the House bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to constitute Superintendents of Mints or Assayers in Assay offices, Assistant Treasurers of the United States to receive gold coin and bullion on deposit for the purposes provided for by section 254 of the Revised Statutes. Passed.

Mr. Maxey called up the House joint resolution providing for the issue of arms to the territories. Passed.

The Senate then took up the House bill to establish post routes and various amendments of the Committee adding new routes were agreed to.

The Committee reported other amendments fixing compensation to be paid to railroad companies for transporting the mails, relative to the classification of mail matter, etc. All the amendments were agreed to without discussion.

Mr. Hamlin submitted an amendment that the President and Vice President of the United States, Senators, Representatives and Delegates in Congress, Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives may send or receive thro' the mails written or printed communications not exceeding two ounces in weight, the name of the President, Vice President, Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House to be written on the envelope.

After a discussion the amendment of Mr. Hamlin was rejected by a tie vote 29 to 29.

The Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads having reported an amendment providing for semi-monthly mail communication between the United States and Brazil, a brief debate ensued and the Senate on motion of Mr. Edmunds went into Executive session and when the doors were reopened without action on the Brazilian mail subsidy adjourned.

House.

Mr. Bland introduced a bill authorizing the issue of *$50,000,000 in 'United States* Treasury notes to be applied for improvement of the Mississippi river from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico.'

Mr. Morrison, of Ill., offered a resolution for printing the testimony taken before the Investigating Committee. Adopted.

Mr. Blount, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a general deficiency bill. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

On motion of Mr. Giddings a bill was passed appropriating $75,000 for continuing improvements at Galveston.

The House proceed to the consideration of the bill amending the International Revenue laws, Carlisle in the chair.

Mr. Vance offered an amendment preventing the removal from State to Federal Courts of suits for violation of the State law against any Internal Revenue officer. Adopted 100 to 93. No further progress was made with the bill.

The House then took a recess. The evening session will be for discussion of the life saving bill.

MASSACHUSETTS.

A Bloody Affray.

LOWELL, Mass., June 3d.—Jas. Irving who has not been on good terms with his wife for some time, laid in wait for her while on her way to Merrimack Mill, and stabbed her twice in the back with a shoe-knife, inflicting dangerous wounds. Hearing the woman's cries, an uncle of Irving, named Francis Irving, came to her rescue and shot his nephew through the back, but it is believed that he will recover.

PENNSYLVANIA.

An Interview with Simon Cameron.

NEW YORK, June 3. The Times reports a long interview with Simon Cameron, in which he gives some interesting personal recollections. Among other things he says that he protested to Grant against Sumner's removal from the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee, and was determined to oppose it, when he heard Schurz in his speech denounce him as unfit to succeed Sumner. Incensed at this Cameron says he had no idea of being in Lincoln's Cabinet until he was offered the Treasury Department, which he accepted. Lincoln then to find a place for Chase, wanted Cameron to take the Attorney-Generalship. Cameron declined and agreed to take the War Department. Cameron says that he held from the first that the rebellion would be long continued, and urged a call for a half million of men, but Seward and Lincoln thought seventy-five thousand sufficient. Afterward he urged arming the negroes, and finding the idea too advanced for the time he retired from the Cabinet.

Subsequently Cameron says he was called to meet a number of Republicans at Washington about the question of impeaching Lincoln, discussed on the ground that Lincoln was not pushing the war vigorously. Cameron strongly condemned this movement and it was dropped. He says that he held that after the battle of Gettysburg the disorganized rebel army should have been crushed by Meade. Lincoln held the same view. *Cameron says* that Lincoln was much troubled about his re-election, and that he told the President how Jackson, who was under a pledge not to run for a second term, avoided this pledge by falling back upon a letter from the Pennsylvania Legislature urging him to continue in the office until his war on the United States Bank had been concluded. Lincoln asked if Cameron could not get such a letter for him, and Cameron states that he secured a letter for Lincoln at Harrisburg.

Cameron declares that he had no intimation of his son's appointment to a position in Grant's Cabinet until after it had been made.

Tilden's "Fraud" Campaign.

ANDERSON'S TESTIMONY.

"Investigation" to proceed To-day.

NEW YORK, June 3. Washington despatches say the Democrats even now, in the face of Anderson's testimony, say that they are willing to repeat that they have no intention to disturb the President's title.

Potter's committee will not meet to-day owing to the absence of the chairman in New York. Tuesday the direct examination of Anderson will be resumed and Wednesday the cross-examination will begin. After Anderson, Stanley Matthews will take the stand.

A Democratic member of the committee claimed last night that the original Sherman letter is in their possession.

Gov. Kellogg says that he did not appoint a supervisor as the latter testified, and that he was in Philadelphia, and not in Louisiana, at all the dates given by Anderson as those on which, the latter held conversations with Kellogg. There are other points in the testimony which Kellogg says he will be able to break down.

Shellabarger says that when Anderson is subjected to cross examination and confronted by evidence now in his possession, very little will remain of his testimony. He is confident that the public will be satisfied that all of Anderson's statements in reference to Sherman are utterly false.

The Democrats are elated with the first day's work. Some claim that photographic copies of Sherman's letter to Anderson and Webber, and, perhaps, the original will be produced. The story is that Mrs. Webber had the original letter and gave it to Miss Jenks, to be used in her negotiations with Sherman last summer. Before parting with the letter Mrs. Webber had photographic copies prepared, and these, it is claimed, will be produced. Both these ladies have been subpoenaed. Mrs. Jenks did possess a copy of the paper put *in evidence* by Anderson, and this, with other documents, she voluntarily forwarded to Secretary Sherman. These papers will be produced at the proper time.

A Democratic member remarked that the men who would be damaged by the investigation were Sherman, Stoughton, Kasson and Harlan, Republicans, and Burke, Gordon, Lamar and a few other Democrats.

A member also says that the Republicans also may be able to establish that $200,000 was offered Wells and Anderson to count Louisiana for Tilden, but the Democrats would be able to show a larger sum offered by the Republicans.

It is stated in Democratic circles that the statements by Anderson will make damaging revelations touching the labors of the Hawley Commission.

The Cross Examination of Anderson.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Potter Investigating Committee will again meet with open doors to-morrow morning when Anderson will be cross examined.

Senator Matthews, it is said, asked to be heard before the Committee, and the request of course will be granted. Subpœnas have been issued for additional witnesses, including Mrs. Jenks of New Orleans, who, it is claimed has the original of Sherman's letter to Anderson.

Noyes and Stoughton Sent For.

NEW YORK, June 3. A special says that a cable despatch was sent to-day to Ministers Noyes and Stougton, asking them to return home for examination.

THE UNTUTORED SAVAGE.

BANNOCKS ON THE WAR PATH.

Despatches from Various Points.

WASHINGTON, June 3. The following telegrams have been received at the War Department:

CHICAGO, June 1.

General E. D. Townsend, Washington:

Your telegram has been received. I have directed General Crook to inquire of the commanding officer at Fort Hall about the condition of affairs there and if necessary will send as many men as possible from Salt Lake and stations on the railroad to Fort Hall to co-operate, or act jointly with the troops from Gen. McDowell's command in protecting the settlers from the Bannock Indians and will notify McDowell that nearly all the troops in the Department of the Platte have gone north of the Black Hills to protect settlers from the hostile Sioux. The news from the north by way of Benton received yesterday is very alarming.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieut. General.

Reports from General Howard.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—General of the Army—The following telegrams have been received from General Howard: Wheaton forwards a report made May 23d. Indian messenger on reservation found "Moses" yesterday; brings news to Moses' friends here; Lapwai, Moses' people, want to fight against his wishes; seven villages who have joined the hostile clique threaten to begin a war. Think some of the Palouse Indians are in the scrape; believe those two or three who got away from Joseph last fall are at the bottom of it. A drunken Palouse indian, on a visit to Lapwai, confirmed the other messenger. Friendly Nez Perces are fearful of an outbreak somewhere on the Upper Columbia. The restlessness is more general and simultaneous among the Indians, hundreds of miles apart than usual.

MCDOWELL, Maj. Gen.

To the General of the army, Washington—The commanding officer of the Department of the Columbia telegraphs that Captain Bernard's company of the 1st cavalry left for Camas Prairie on the night of the 25th, and Capt. Collins, of the twenty-first infantry, left yesterday to join Bernard. Capt. Collins, commanding officer will be cautious in his movements. Gen. Howard also telegraphs that he will take preliminary measures for peace as directed from these headquarters and as indicated in the despatch to you yesterday.

MCDOWELL,
Major General.

Robbing and Murdering.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3. A despatch to the Associated Press from Boise City says: Six Bannock Indians on Friday last robbed Kills Station, on the Overland road, 76 miles from Boise. The keeper escaped. The Indians then captured two freight teams carrying arms, ammunition, etc. The fate of the teamsters is unknown.

Col. Bernard, with seventy cavalrymen and twenty citizens, is making a forced march to Camas Prairie. The Indians along the trail left in haste on the approach of the troops. It is estimated that 300 Indians are encamped in the lava beds. Their position is very strong, with wood, water and grass enough to keep them all summer.

OREGON.

The Election.

PORTLAND, June 3.

The election passed off quietly with a very large vote. The returns from the city and interior are coming in slowly owing to the number of tickets in the field and the amount of scratching and trading.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, June 3. Money 2@3½ per cent. STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4.88@4.89. GOLD closed at 100⅛.

Government Securities closed at the following quotations:—

U. S. 6's, due '81, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ex int 108¾
" " '65, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 104¼
" " '67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 107⅝
" " '68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 109
U. S. 5s, 105½
" 10-40's, 5 pr b'nds (coup Mar 1 & Sept 1) 107¾
" currency 6's, 118
" 4½s, 103⅛
" 4s, 101¼
[Above quotations include the accrued interest.]

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, June 3. FLOUR is unch'd—sales 13,000—Superfine western and State, 3.30 @ 4.45; Extra Ohio, 4.30@5.75; white wheat western, 5.30@6.00; Southern, 4.75 @7.00.

WHEAT is lower—sales 166,000 bushels—No. 2 Spring, 1 07@1 09; No. 2 winter red, 1.10@1.12.

CORN higher—sales 484,000 bushels — ungraded western mixed, 43@46; steamer mixed, 43@44.

OATS are firmer—sales 133,000 bushels. Mixed Western, 31@ 36. white western, 38@38.

Coffee —Rio 14@17½.

SUGAR is firm— Fair to good Refining, 7½@7¾, prime, 7¾, standard A, 9, granulated, 9⅞ @ 9⅝, powdered, 9¾, crushed, 9¾.

PETROLEUM—Crude, 7½, refined, 11⅛.

ROSIN at 1.45@1.52.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE at 29¼.

Pork—Mess 9 37@9.62.

Beef unchanged.

Lard, 6.75.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

ENGLAND ALL READY.

THE SEVERAL REPRESENTATIVES.

Affairs in Constantinople.

The Congress and the Representatives.

LONDON, June 3. It is said the Congress will be composed of the following Powers: Bismarck and Von Bulow for Germany; Beaconsfield, Salisbury and Odo Russell, for Great Britain; Schouvaloff and M. Doubril Russian Ambassador at Berlin, for Russia; Andrassy and Von Haymerle, for Austria; Waddington and De Stoveiller, for France; Counts Corti and De Launay, for Italy. It is not yet known who will be the Representatives of Turkey.

The Invitations to the Congress—The Date June 13th.

LONDON, June 3.—In the House of Commons this evening, the papers in regard to the Congress were laid on the table.

Sir Stafford Northcote stated that the documents embrace an invitation of Germany to a Congress to be held in Berlin on the 13th of June, for a free discussion of the treaty of San Stefano, and Lord Salisbury's acceptance of Germany's invitation, with an explanation that England understands that all the great powers are asked to assent to, is a free discussion of the aforesaid treaty.

Note—This implies a guarantee by Germany of the point originally raised by England.

The Chancellor confirmed the announcement that Lord Beaconsfield, Salisbury, and Odo Russell will represent Great Britain in the Congress.

The Greeks Disappointed.

The Times correspondent at Athens telegraphs that the agreement between England and Russia causes great disappointment there. The Greeks expected the annexation of Thessaly, Epirus and Crete. In their disappointment and despair at supremacy secured for the Bulgarians they are likely to take desperate measures. The Greek army may even enter Thessaly again.

Roumanian Resentment.

A Times despatch from Bucharest says if England and Austria do not prevent the retrocession of Bessarabia the resentment of the Roumanians against them will be stronger than against Russia for taking the territory.

Consternation at Pera.

The Times has the following from Pera: The agreement between England and Russia creates consternation here because it is believed to involve a settlement which the Turks will resist forcibly.

Russia's Active War Preparations.

In recent fighting in Roumania 400 Russians were cut off by the Pomaks and all killed. Four hundred more sent to their relief are now in a critical position. The Russians are not relaxing their warlike preparations south of the Balkans, but on contrary they are very active.

Prospects of a Turkish Revolution.

It is believed the Grand Vizier, Mehemet Reschid Pasha, is trying to get the Sultan to recall Midhat Pasha in order to popularize the new government and that if the Sultan refuses Mehemet will resign leaving odious Mahmud Damad, supreme, whereby the revolution will probably be precipitated. A new protest of the inhabitants of Loristan warns the Russians that any advance towards Batoum will be forcibly resisted.

The Turkish Representatives.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 3d.—Safvet Pasha will be one of the Turkish representatives at the Berlin Congress. It is thought the other will be a Christian.

England Accepts the Invitation.

LONDON, June 3. Lord Salisbury has replied to the invitation of Germany to attend the Congress, that the Government of Her Majesty will be ready to take part in a Congress at the date mentioned.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Saved and Lost by the Grosser Kurfurst Disaster.

LONDON, June 3. The Times states that the total number of persons on board the iron clad Grosser Kurfurst were 497; of these 217 are known to have been saved. Six of the officers are among the lost.

The Corn Trade.

LIVERPOOL, June 3.—Difficulties in the corn trade, owing to the heavy fall in values, appears to be developing in the failure of Ireland & Co., corn brokers; liabilities $22,000. Difficulties are also reported in connection with two other small firms.—The impression is that these clearances will improve the market.

GERMANY.

The Attempted Assassination of the Emperor.

LONDON, June 3.—All accounts received from Berlin say, the effect of the news that another attempt was made on the life of the Emperor, was astounding. The outburst of public feeling went far beyond the manifestations made on the previous occasion, as Nobeling's attempt exceeded that of Hoedel's in seriousness of results. A vast crowd assembled around the Palace and forced its way into the building, and only dispersed on receiving satisfactory news of the Emperor's condition and warning them that their loyal manifestations might aggravate the suffering from his wounds. The spot, where the Emperor was shot is almost five minutes walk from the scene of Hoedel's attempt. Dr Nobeling came to Berlin a few weeks ago from Halle. He was formerly in the civil service of the kingdom of Saxony. He was a regular contributor to Agricultural journals, and seems to have been in easy circumstances. He studied agriculture and finance at Halle and Liepzic. He had a furnished room on the second floor of 18 Unter Den Linden, from the window of which the shots were fired.

The Emperor's Would-be Assassin.

LONDON, June 3. A despatch from Berlin to the Pall Mall Gazette says that Dr. Nobeling's injuries are fatal. He refuses to allege any satisfactory motive for his crime. He is neither a Socialist nor an Ultramontane, but is a Protestant of good family, good position and fair means. His brothers are officers in the army and his mother's second husband is a retired Major. Dr. Nobeling admits his plan has *been formed* a *long time* and that he had accomplices who had been in communication with him on the subject of the assassination of the Emperor for six months.

LOSS OF THE IDAHO.

No Lives Lost.

WICKFORD ISLAND, June 3. The steamer Idaho struck on Carrigmore rocks during a heavy fog and foundered soon after. The fog was so dense that the position of Carrigmore lightship could not be accurately fixed. The first to enter the boats was Mrs. Norman and her little son, she having no gentleman escort. The first officer stood at the gangway and had six other ladies passed into the boat, after which the husbands were allowed to join them. This boat was the first to leave. Capt. Homes' boat was only thirty yards from the vessel when she disappeared. He was on the bridge with the first officer and pilot when she struck. Had it not been for his coolness some lives would certainly have been lost.

After rowing for about four hours the boats made Saltee Island. There was only one house on the island and very little accommodation could be provided. The occupant gave up the house to the ladies, and the passengers all landed on the main land this morning and were conveyed to Wickford. All are in good spirits and are very thankful for their preservation. The Idaho disappeared completely, having sunk in nineteen fathoms of water.

The Passengers.

DUBLIN, June 3. At 2 o'clock this morning 127 passengers of the steamer Idaho arrived and spent the remainder of the night at the Ryterminus. They are expected to arrive at Liverpool to-night.

The Loss and Insurance.

NEW YORK, June 3. Wm. Guion says that the steamer Idaho cost about $400,000. The insurance is wholly in Europe and will probably cover the loss.

MEXICO.

The Revolution.

GALVESTON, June 3. Eagle Pass news from the other side says Escabedo attacked a paymaster's train from Monterey to Piedras Negras, but was beaten off. No casualties reported. Escabedo is now encamped near Piedras Negras, organizing a strong force.

FOREIGN FRAGMENTS.

The Levant Herald having published a letter considered by the Turkish Government to be seditious, its editor, an Englishman, has been ordered to quit the country in 48 hours.

The Romanul declares that Roumania has irrevocably resolved not to cede any territory to Russia. Great hopes are entertained of English support.

The condition of the Emperor William is satisfactory.

Gortschacoff is better, and his speedy recovery is anticipated.

A despatch from Bucharest to Reuter says, England has promised to recognize the independence of Roumania.

A decree of Prince Milan orders the annexation of parts of old Servia outside the boundaries to be fixed by the treaty of San Stefano.

The correspondent of the Times says the attempt to arrange a mutual withdrawal from the neighborhood of Constantinople is abandoned.

Bismarck arrived at Berlin last night.

The Spanish Government have contracted for the transportation of 1700 men home from Cuba. They will be disbanded.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
Washington, D. C., June 4—(1 A. M.)
Indications.

For New England: Falling followed by rising barometer, warmer and increasing southerly winds, veering to westerly, or cooler Northwest, increasing cloudiness, and occasional rains. Cautionary signals continue at Erie, Cleveland, Sandusky, Port Huron, Alpena, Ludington, Buffalo, Rochester, Oswego and Grand Haven.

LOCAL MATTERS.

One death in the city last week.

We would call attention to N. S. Harlow's advertisement.

Mr. Elijah Low is now at Bucksport, moving the Congregational chapel.

We understand that the horse distemper has made its appearance in this city.

The schooner Addie G. Bryant is now loading at High Head for the West Indies.

P. T. Barnum will be here with his great show and will address the people from the arena.

Mr. Jennings celebrated trotting horse "Anodyne" started for Boston on the boat yesterday.

Some of our citizens are talking about having some kind of a celebration on the fourth of next month.

The Commissioner is now making a new street leading from Centre street, to be called Congress street.

Mr. P. B. Wing, of the Theological Seminary, contemplate supplying the church at Minot Centre this summer.

It has been suggested that if the grass was cut on the Broadway park it would improve the looks of the street.

Next Monday the Boston boats will commence to make three trips a week. See time table in special notice column.

If the weather is favorable, the steamer *May Field* will make the first excursion of the season to Northport this morning.

Last month *one* hundred and four vessels passed up through the E. & N. A. draw-bridge into Kendu Keag stream.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will observe their second anniversary at City Hall next Thursday evening.

Dr. D. C. Burleigh, U. S. Navy, leaves New York next Saturday, for Paris via Scotland. He goes in the Anchor-Liner Bolivia.

Yesterday morning a horse owned by Mr. Hardy became frightened on Ohio street, and smashed things quite lively for a few minutes.

Several sturgeons have been caught in the vicinity of the dam recently. Saturday one got in one of the salmon fishers' nets and tore it quite badly.

The Seaside House at Islesboro will be opened to the public on the twentieth of this month. There is a nice hall in connection with the house.

Messrs. Andrew McFarland and John Lynch, Jr., have been appointed delegates to the Reform Club Convention which meets at Norway to-morrow.

Yesterday afternoon as a carriage was coming around Warren & Robinson's corner one of the hind wheels came off, but the occupants were uninjured.

Messrs. Swett & Co. received a despatch yesterday announcing the total loss of their schooner, George Kilborn, loaded with stone from Bluehill to New York. All hands saved.

The Eureka Hose Company at Cottageville held its monthly meeting last evening. J. W. Smith tendered his resignation as foreman, and Albert Bean was elected to fill the vacancy.

Rev. S. L. B. Spear, of Boston, has accepted the call to supply the pulpit of the First Congregational Society for one year. He will enter upon his duties with that Society on the first Sabbath in next month.

Hon. Asa French, District Attorney of Massachusetts and Chas. C. Gregg of the millinery department of Jordan, Marsh & Co., who have been visiting T. J. Stewart, Esq., of this city, returned to Boston last evening.

A young man by the name of Roland was drowned Sunday evening at West Greatworks while attempting to get off a jam of logs. He was at work for James Webster of Orono, was 18 years old and lived in West Greatworks.

Mr. George A. Bartlett, *formerly* of this city, now Professor of the German Language and Literature at Harvard University, will leave New York June 8th, by the "Bolivia," to complete his course at Berlin, and take his degree at that University.

There is some talk of starting a box factory at the Jail Work Shop. We understand that Mr. Brown is now West, endeavoring to get a contract for the manufacture of boxes. If he succeeds, suitable machinery will be put into the first and second floors.

The East Branch, Mattawamkeag, logs with the exception of 1,200,000 feet, are in Jellerson boom, having arrived there Sunday. The logs in the West Branch of the Mattawamkeag are being turned out and will probably be in Jellerson boom this week. This boom will be out and the drive brought along as fast as possible.

BOY DROWNED. A Calais correspondent writes: A son of M. Dyer was drowned at Calais Saturday afternoon. He had been playing around the mill, and it is supposed he stepped on the loose earth and slipped in. Assistance arrived too late to save him. This is the third child that has been drowned in the same vicinity within two years.

Yesterday morning as Mr. A. H. Haney, one of the employes at the E. & N. A. Railway yard was running ahead of the engine, he caught his foot in one of the frogs in the track. As the engine was directly behind him he could not stop to work his foot out, and giving a sudden leap he tore the sole from his boot and got off from the track just in time to save his foot.

What the ladies ought to know: That white and black is a favorite combination in dresses this season. Pinked-out or fringed ruchings are used in profusion on the new dresses. A most attractive parasol is made of satin and finished with straw fringe. Instead of flower bonnets, the chip brim with flower-fringe for a crown is preferred. A gilt screw, strong enough to hold a great weight, is the latest ornament for garnishing hats.

Mr. Duren informs us that the sum taken by burglars from his store on Saturday night, was not so large as reported yesterday. The small change from the drawer was about $3, which, with $3 in packages of coppers from another place, made $5, instead of $25. He also says that the only previous raid during his forty-four years of business life in this city, was about five years ago, when the cutlery and other articles were taken from the show-case.

A large crew of men under the direction of Mr. John Morrison, of Corinth, will commence to make the necessary repairs on the stage road between Blanchard and Shirley, next Monday. It will be remembered that the State appropriated $1,000 toward defraying the expense of making these repairs, on the condition that another $1,000 should also be raised. The amount has been raised, and this crew of men will commence work next Monday, camping out along the road until they finish the work.

A NOVEL RIDE. Yesterday morning rather a strange accident occurred on Front street in the vicinity of the ferry slip. As the morning train was running from one depot to the other, a team got on to the crossing in front of the engine. The train *was moving slowly and the engineer seeing* that the teamster was unable to manage his horses, he reversed the engine, but before the train could be stopped the team was carried for some distance in front of the engine. Fortunately no damage was done with the exception of a few scratches on the horses.

THE VISITING COMMITTEE from the General Conference of Maine to the Bangor Theological Seminary are chosen one from each local Conference in the State. They comprise Revs. Z. Crowell, of Houlton; F. E. Clark, of Portland; O. W. Rogers, of Farmington; A. L. Skinner, of Bucksport; H. F. Harding, of Hallowell; L. D. Evans, of Bristol; S. W. Pearson, of Andover; H. A. Loring, of Foxcroft; W. Woodbury of Skowhegan; H. Carpenter, of Bridgton; B. B. Merrill, of Searsport; G. W. Kelley, of Searsport; J. Kyte, of Buxton, and Hon. J. W. Phillips, of Brewer Village.

FROM SPRINGFIELD.—The assessors for the town of Springfield have made the following return of neat cattle, horses, and agricultural products for 1878:

Number of horses 4 years old and upwards, 63; less than 4 years old, 32; neat stock, 475; sheep, 683; swine, 103; bushels of Indian corn raised, 562; barley, 205; oats, 5,083; beans, 299; peas, 186; buckwheat, 586; potatoes, 14,420; turnips, 745; beets, 255; carrots, 69; apples, 6,438; tons of hay, 900; pounds of butter, 13,195; cheese, 110; honey, 577; gallons of maple syrup, 71; wool skins disposed of, 364; value of poultry and eggs sold, $9.51; No. of bushels of wheat raised, 2,213.

MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.—The complimentary benefit which has been tendered Miss Charlotte Thompson, will take place at Norombega Hall, Friday, June 21, when this celebrated artist will appear as "Camille," a role in which she has no superior on the American stage. The benefit is in the hands of the Ruskin Club, and tickets may now be obtained of either of the following gentlemen—Messrs. Hersey, Small, Owen, Brett, Sanford, and Kelleher. It is desired that early application be made for tickets, that a full house may be assured. Our citizens should bear in mind that a generous reception accorded this gifted lady, and her company, will have the effect of inducing other companies of high character to occasionally visit us.—The members of the Club will act as ushers, and Andrews' full orchestra will furnish music for the occasion. It is expected that some of the stage settings will be new, and the Club will spare no pains in making their arrangements for the play.

PITTSFIELD.—*Mr. Editor*—Last Saturday afternoon a game of base ball was played on the Institute grounds, between the Institute nine and a picked nine from the village, resulting in favor of the village nine, 31 to 16. Saturday evening a large audience assembled at Lancey Hall to hear Abram Sanborn, Esq., of Bangor, discuss the Greenback question. After the close of the lecture a caucus was held and the following gentlemen were chosen delegates to attend the convention at Lewiston:—W. K. Lancey, S. S. Pike, Cyrus Noble, C. W. Colson, and Warren L. Parks. The public Temperance meeting was holden last Sunday at the Methodist Chapel. President Gage presided, and stirring speeches were made by Prof. Bachelder, G. H. Smith, Mr. Pike, Mrs. Lancey, Mrs. Johonnet, Rev. Mr. Prince and others. Mrs. Hunt Morgan, of Bangor, will lecture at Institute Chapel next Wednesday evening; subject, "Venice, the Bride of the Sea, or the Republic of a Thousand Years; her early glory, her hour of darkness, and her final triumph."

A REMARKABLE ESCAPE. Yesterday morning a boy about ten years old, named Morris Griffin, had a remarkable escape from drowning. He was out on the boom above the dam, when he accidentally fell into the river on the outside of the boom, but went down and came up on the inside, and was carried down towards the sluice. As the current was very swift he was unable to save himself and was carried through the sluice. Several people who were attracted to the spot, but who were unable to render any assistance, thought that the boy was surely lost, but to their great joy and surprise, they saw his head appear above the water below the dam, and in a short time he was helped into a boat and taken to the shore. Remarkable as it may seem he had made the passage through the sluice without receiving the slightest injury. At the time of the accident the tide was just at that point when a sheet of water spurts out over the end of the sluice and this carried the boy clear from the undertow. Had the accident occurred half an hour earlier, or later, the boy would have been dashed to pieces. This should prove a warning to the boys to keep away from the boom.

ENTHUSIASTIC REFORM MEETINGS IN ELLSWORTH. On Sunday last, by invitation, delegates from the Reform Clubs of Bangor, Bucksport, Bluehill and East Bucksport, united with the Ellsworth Club and held large and impressive public meetings at Hancock Hall, in Ellsworth. Mr. F. B. Aiken of the Ellsworth Club, presided. The first session was called to order at 2½ o'clock, P. M., and was opened with singing by the congregation and devotional exercises by Rev. W. H. Lyon, of Ellsworth. The audience was addressed in earnest remarks by the following reformed men: President Joy, of Ellsworth Club; President Tripp, of Bluehill Club; President Stevens and Vice-President Montgomery, of Bangor Club; and by Messrs. Tillock, Lewis and Wardwell, of Bucksport Club. Hearty manifestations of approval from the large assembly greeted the effort of every speaker. The meeting closed with prayer by Rev. Mr. White of Ellsworth. At 7½ o'clock the large and beautiful hall was crowded to overflowing. After devotional exercises, the following speakers addressed the people: Messrs. Cobb, Ware, Hall, Silsby, Rancho, Genn and Homer, of *Bucksport club*; *Messrs.* McIntyre and McFarland, of Bangor; Rev. Mr. Lyon, of Ellsworth, and Mr. Parker, of East Bucksport. The chairman of the meetings, Mr. Aiken also tendered brief but feeling thanks to the visiting reformers, and all departed in the firm belief that such powerful meetings assure them of additional triumphs.

ANNIVERSARY. The fifty-eighth anniversary of the Rhetorical Society of the Theological Seminary, at the Third Parish church last evening, was quite well attended. Owing to some mistake in the original programme quite a number of people assembled at the church at half-past seven, but the exercises did not commence until eight o'clock. The exercises opened with a selection entitled "When the hues of daylight fade," by the Penobscot Quartette. Rev. George W. Field then offered prayer, after which the Quartette sang "Go where the morning shineth." Mr. Wiswell, the President of the Society, then announces as the first speaker of the evening, Mr. R. G. Woodbridge, who delivered a finished oration upon the imagination. He held the close attention of his hearers while he pictured what the imagination has done for the people and demonstrated that to it, we are indebted for all that is great in art, science and literature. The next speaker was Mr. P. B. Wing, who chose for his subject "The pulpit in politics." He spoke in a clear and forcible manner and argued that it was the duty of the ministers to teach their people to vote for moral men only, irrespective of party. It was quite an able effort. The Quartette then sang a selection entitled "The brook miller's song," after which Mr. S. A. Burnaby delivered an interesting oration upon "Scylla and Charybdis." The last speaker of the evening was Mr. E. M. Cousins, who in a pleasing manner gave his ideas upon the "Guarantees of Peace." The exercises closed with "Sleep on thy pillow" by the Quartette. The following is programme for to-day:

Tuesday.—Examinations at the Chapel, 9 A. M., Junior class in Biblical Literature; 11 A. M., Middle class in Church History; 2 P. M., Senior class in Homiletics; 3:30 P. M., Senior class in Church History; Junior class in Mental Philosophy; 7.30 P. M. Address before the Rhetorical Society, at the First Church, by Rev. Wm. H. Fenn, Portland, Me.

A Golden Wedding.

A large number of the relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. William Hight assembled at the residence of Charles Hight, Esq., last evening, to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day. The exercises of the occasion consisted of very appropriate services by Rev. Mr. Fay, followed by the reading of two beautiful poems by ladies of this city; after which an enjoyable evening was spent in many congratulations upon the unusual good fortune which had attended this family for so long a period of married life. We are permitted to copy below one of these poems, written by Mrs. S. F. Woodhull:

Two hearts, united long ago,
And wedded in their youth
Sharing life's scenes for fifty years
In constancy and truth,
Now join with us in grateful praise
To celebrate the day,
The happiest of their earthly lives—
Their *Golden Wedding* day.

How tenderly God's loving hand
Has led His servants on,
Smoothing their path with watchful care
'Till life's sweet calm was won;
'Till age took on the hue of youth,
And love, divinely fair,
Shone radiant on their brows of truth,
Enthroned serenely there.

Thus ever may their wedded life
As pure and calm appear,
'Till hand in hand they enter in
Beyond this narrow sphere,
And welcome, as th' eternal years
Move on in concert grand,
Each one and all, their loved ones there
Within the better land.

Oh, day of days, so few attain,
Oh day so sweet and rare,
How fair the memories you bring—
Oh day beyond compare!
We lay a garland at your feet,
We deck the bride with gold,
Your welcome presence tells a tale
Of blessings manifold.

FROM EAST CORINTH.

The Observance of Memorial Day in that Town.

Mr. Editor:—Memorial day was observed in this town with the usual patriotic spirit and success. On that day, according to previous notice, the ladies met at Nichols' Hall at ten o clock to arrange wreaths and bouquets of the beautiful flowers that had been contributed by loving hearts, and to make sashes, badges, etc., for the fifty-one little girls and boys who were to decorate the graves of our honored dead. By right down hard work the ladies managed to have everything in readiness by one o'clock.

At two o'clock the procession was formed by Mr. ———, Marshal of the day, assisted by his lady aides, in the following order: Corinth Cornet Band, fifteen pieces, C. A. Robinson, leader; next twenty-five little girls dressed in white, with sashes of red, white and blue, and loaded with flowers; then a company of twenty-six little boys dressed in white frocks and dark pants, with badges of red, white and blue and also loaded with flowers; and followed by citizens generally, on foot and in carriages. Arriving at the Cemetery the impressive and beautiful ceremony of decorating the graves was performed, and then came the reading of the Roll of Honor by the Marshal, consisting of forty-one names. Seventeen are buried in this, two in other cemeteries in town, and the balance on the field of battle, where they fell, and near the hospitals where they died.

Prayer was then offered by Rev Mr. Gurney, after which an ode was sung by a select choir, "We shall never forget." Remarks were then made by Revs. Pitts and Dunn, followed by an anthem by the choir "A pean to the brave." After this remarks were made by Mr. Cousins, Dr. Fuller and Deacon Dexter. The services were closed by singing America, in which all joined. The weather was delightful, everything passed off pleasantly, and the people returned to their homes with their love and faith strengthened in our Government and its institutions.

The Free Baptist Quarterly meeting commences in this village next Tuesday forenoon at ten o'clock.

Geo. W. Ladd, Esq., of your city, spoke on the greenback question in Nichols' Hall, last Saturday evening, to a full house, the larger part of the audience coming from out of town.

M.

Business Items.

"Home Pastorals"— SLIPPERY ELM LOZENGES for Coughs. For sale by all Druggists.

CALDWELL & CO., corner of Washington and Winter streets, Boston.

Deal with BOWLER & MERRILL, Bankers, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor,—if you wish to obtain the safest Securities for the investment of TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS at the lowest prices.

The "Globe Hotel" is not closed, but is open to the traveling public as usual, and will be kept up to its first class high standard by the present landlord, J. E. Harriman.

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS *cure instantly.* june 11—1y.

From Dr. S. W. Hunter Baltimore, Md. Having become familiar with Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator, I take pleasure in recommending as an excellent preparation, combining as it does FOOD and TONIC in a remarkable way, producing good blood, health and strength. Sold by Caldwell Sweet. d&w3w.

In your northern latitude where sudden changes of temperature are so common, be sure and keep supplied with *Adamson's Balsam.* It tempers the climate and wards off consumption. Price 35 cts.

To One and All.—Are You Suffering from a cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis or any of the various pulmonary troubles, that so often terminate in consumption? If so, use "*Wilbor's Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime,*" a safe and efficacious remedy. This is no quack preparation, but is regularly prescribed by the medical faculty. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists. 1weod.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

MONDAY, June 3.

ARRIVED.

Steamer May Field, Barbour, Sedgwick
Sch Webster, Barnard, Turner, Philadelphia, coal to T G Stickney
Sch L M Strout, Fernald, Port Johnson, coal to T G Stickney
Sch Bloomer, Richardson, Ellsworth
Lycenia, Quinn, Rockland

CLEARED.

Steamer Cambridge, Johnson, Boston
Steamer City of Richmond, Kilby, Portland
Sch July Fourth, Wood, Curacoa, W I, by D E Stockwell
Sch Centurion, Blodgett, New York
Sch S S Kendall New York
Sch J S Fornian, Closson Searsport
Sch Good Intent, Libby, Camden
Sch Perfect, Grindle, Penobscot
Sch W H Jewell, Wardwell, Rockland
Sch D Ellis, Torrey Rockland

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON. Ar 31st, schrs R E Yates, Hopkins, Bermuda; Czar, Hammond, Alexandria, Va; Harmony, Mitchell, Lubec; Delaware, Sinclair, and Fair Wind, Crocker, Ellsworth; Emily, Jordan, Bangor; R H Colson, Nickerson, do; Abby Gale, Daily, and George Savage, Walker, do; Emily A Staples, Crockett, Winterport, Pennsylvania, Savage, Rockland.

PORTSMOUTH. Ar 31st, schr Cora Etta, Pendleton, Delaware City.

NEW YORK. Ar 31st, ship Marcia C Day, Cates, Havre; bark Homeward Bound, Merriman, do; schrs Anna S Murch, Nixon, Ellsworth; Mountain Laurel, Farrell, do; David Ellis, Torry, Rockland; Charles Comery, Creamer, Bangor; Senator Grimes, Philbrook, do; Maggie J Chadwick, Norris, Gardiner; Sarah A Reed, Gupill, Calais; W H Thorndike, Cushman, Edgartown; Orient, Staples, Providence; Watchful, Gill, do. Cld, ship Eureka, Woodworth, San Francisco; bark Henry Knight, Pendleton, Santander; Hattie G McFarland, McFarland, Newark; schr Dora M French, French, Curacoa.

MOBILE. Cld 31st, schr Mary A Power, Wiley, Pensacola.

PHILADELPHIA. Cld 31st, schrs Sarah C Smith, Banks, Augusta, Me; Storm King, Cobb, Rockport; Telumah, Bennett, Boston.

VINEYARD HAVEN. Ar 30th, schrs Lizzie Lee, Stubbs, New York for Ellsworth; James Neilson, Kendall, Bangor for New York; Onward, Lowell, Frankfort, Me, for do.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At Bermuda, May 24, schr E Arcularius, Hall, from Norfolk.

Ar at St Pierre, Mart, May 7, brig Starlight, Thompson, Port Spain.

Ar at Raval, 13th, L J Morse, Ames, New Orleans; L B Gilchrist, Watts, and Mary E Riggs, Langdon, do.

Maine Medical Association.

The annual meeting of the Maine Medical Association will be held in the City Building, Portland, June 11th, 12th and 13th, 1878.

CHAS. O. HUNT, Sec'y.

May 25. td

Great Success

OF

THE

ILLUSTRATED[illegible]

HAND SEWED BOOTS FOR LADIES.

Every lady who buys a pair pronounces them splendid. No tacks or nails to torture the feet. Only $3.50 a pair, and warranted to prove satisfactory.

LARGE STOCK OF THE

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KID SIDE LACE AND BUTTON

ALWAYS ON HAND.

I have just received a splendid line of

Children's Fancy Boots,

from S. D. Sellers & Co., Philadelphia, and can now show the best assortment in Bangor. Call and get a pair of

Ladies' Serge Congress Boots, for	$1.00
Ladies' Serge Lace or Fox Lace Boots for	1.00
Ladies Serge or Fox Button Boots for	1.25
Ladies' Kid Croquet Slippers,	75
Ladies' Kid Low Button Newport,	1.00
Misses' 18 Thread Serge Button	1.00
Misses' Grain Button,	1.25
Misses' Kid Low Button Newport,	1.00
Children's Grain Button, 7 to 10,	1.00
Children's Serge and Fox Kid Button, 7 to 10,	1.00
Children's Serge and Fox Lace Boots, 7 to 10,	75

Gents' Fine Shoes, all kinds.

Ladies' Silk and Serge Umbrellas.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

STRAW HATS.

ALL THE ABOVE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

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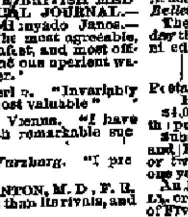

THE LANCET.—"Hunyadi Janos—Baron Liebig affirms that its richness in aperient salts surpasses that of all other known waters."

THE BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.—"Hunyadi Janos.—The most agreeable, safest, and most efficacious aperient water."

PROFESSOR VIRCHOW, Berlin. "Invariably good and prompt success; most valuable."

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INDISPENSABLE TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. Every genuine bottle bears the name of THE APOLLINARIS CO. (limited), London.

FREDK DE BARY & CO.,

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Sole Agents for United States and Canadas.

For Sale by Dealers, Grocers and Druggists,

The Label on every genuine Bottle is printed on BLUE paper.

june. eod6m 3dp

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

This is to give notice: That on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Jesse E. Harriman, individually and as a member of the firm of J. E. Harriman & Co., and Harriman & Genn, of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, filed April 26th, 1878; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, before Chas Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

T. D. CHAMBERLAIN, Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger for said District.

MESSRS. HUMPHREY & APPLETON, Solicitors.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

Of Timber Lands belonging to the Estate of E. D. Jewett & Co.

Will be sold at Auction in Bangor, about first September next (precise date and place of sale to be given hereafter) the following lands, on which liberal terms will be given, to wit:

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

Township	Range	Acres
In Township 17,	Range 8,	about 4,360 acres.
18	6	8,685
17	7	3,000
18	7	1,280
15	6	7,250
17	8	1,100
14	9	9,100
15	9	5,125
16	9	1,850
14	11	9,425
15	11	3,600
16	10	8,800
18	10	1,840
14	11	4,800
15	11	3,600
16	11	8,500
17	11	1,920
18	11	2,460
19	11	4,550
20	11 & 12	5,300
15	12	9,000
16	12	3,600
17	12	9,200
18	12	1,850
14	13	9,250
15	13	3,500
16	13	9,200
17	13	9,300
18	13	3,100
14	14	9,000
15	14	8,400
16	14	11,800
14	15	3,350
15	16	8,000
14	16	6,700
16	4	7,700
17	5	17,800
12	10	4,200
16	4	11,000
17	8	7,700
17	14	2,000
15	8	11,750
11	14	4,200
13	6	3,000
11	5	9,300
13	5	3,000
14	11	3,400
13	14	9,100
11	15	1,650
13	14	3,800
13	16	9,200
13	10	13,000
12	17	9,000
13	12	1,900
16	4	15,200
8	4	7,400
10	4	15,400
9	5	200
13	9	14,800

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Township	Range	Acres
In Township 5,	Range 13,	about 11,000 acres.
10	15	8,500
8	7	650
8	10	600

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Township	Range	Acres
In Township 3,	Range 11,	about 1,080 acres.
6	18	3,380
7	17	3,000

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

Township	Range	Acres
In Township 9,	Range 8,	about 4,209 acres.
8	6	7,709
8	16	right to cut until 1881, 20,200 acres.

Above lands owned in common and undivided.

J. J. HALEY, Assignee.

my24

ST. NICHOLAS.

SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE

FOR

GIRLS AND BOYS.

*The LONDON ACADEMY, of December 22d, 1877, says "In ST. NICHOLAS we welcome the best story of juvenile literature that we have yet seen. * * We have no hesitation in saying that both in the letter-press and in the pictures, this American serial has no rival.*

In ST. NICHOLAS for December, the Grand Christmas Number, was begun a charming new

Serial Story by Miss Alcott.

"Under the Lilacs," illustrated by MARY HALLOCK FOOTE, to continue during the year. This same Christmas number, of which one hundred thousand copies were printed, contained the opening chapters of *A "ROBINSON CRUSOE" STORY* for boys, "Tower-Mountain," by GUSTAVUS FRANKENSTEIN, also poems by LONGFELLOW and BRYANT, a portrait of Miss Alcott, half a dozen short stories, pictures, poems, etc., etc. It is the handsomest number of a child's magazine ever issued.

The NEW YORK TRIBUNE says:

"ST. NICHOLAS has a list of contributors such as no other child's magazine, or few publications of any sort, in the world can boast. It has caused the best writers in America to turn their attention to the task of giving delight and imparting culture to children. In the avalanche of immoral literature that threatens the children, some strong, vitally wholesome, and really attractive magazine is required for them, and ST. NICHOLAS has reached a higher platform, and commands for this service wider resources in art and letters, than any of its predecessors or contemporaries."

ST. NICHOLAS FOR 1878,

Besides the SERIAL STORIES above announced, will have a short serial story by the author of **The Schonberg-Cotta Family**; and THREE SPLENDID SERIALS FOR BOYS, one of which "DRIFTED INTO PORT," by EDWIN HODDER, an English writer, will begin in March. **"Around the world in a Yacht, Boys!"** has been promised by a brilliant writer, now on the actual tour of the world in his own yacht. There will be contributions by a **daughter of the famous Peter Parley**, and a Letter to Young Americans by

GEORGE MACDONALD.

The "HOW" Series of instructive papers, by various authors, will tell HOW to bind your own books; HOW they mine coal; HOW to enjoy yourselves at home; HOW to be an agreeable guest. HOW to entertain company; HOW to be a carpenter; HOW to make an Ice-boat; HOW to build a house; How India rubber is gathered; HOW matches are made; **HOW to be a Parlor Magician;** HOW money is made; HOW mackerel are caught; HOW they laid the Atlantic cable, HOW they mine in California; HOW they work in the tea-country; etc. There will be also a series of stories and sketches of Foreign Life,

"TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE,

such as "Old Nicolai" (a Russian story), "A Day among the Welsh Castles," "Easter in Germany," "The Indians of the Amazon," "How Kitty was lost in a Turkish Bazar," "Master Montezuma" (a Mexican story), "Hansa, the Lapp Maiden," and many others.

"Jack-in-the-Pulpit," "Young contributors' Department," "Letter-Box," "Riddle Box," and "For Very Little Folks," will be continued.

A NEW OFFER!

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Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Weekly commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat Cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, provided the freight does not exceed one dollar, for $7.00 each. A complete Set, comprising Twenty one Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

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Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodicals only.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

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feb5

LOST.

An order on the town of Ashland for eighty eight dollars, payable to C. C. Chamberlain or bearer. Signed March 2, by Z. Bridgham and J. A. Flint, accepted by James Nowland. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing this order, as payment has been stopped.

Orono, May 20, 1878. 3 tt&1

$3 GOLD PLATED WATCHES. Cheapest in the known world. Sample Watch Free to Agents. Address, A. Coulter & Co., Chicago.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

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JOHNSON'S
New Method for Thorough Bass.
By A. N. Johnson, $1 00.

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OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
BOSTON.

American House.

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TEAS.

[illegible]

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

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T. R. SAVAGE & CO.

[illegible]

CALL ON
W. J. WEBB & CO.
BOND AND STOCK BROKERS,
West Market Square.

BANGOR AND OTHER
SAFE CITY BONDS
Constantly on Hand.

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$50, $100, $500 & $1,000
For Sale at the Lowest Prices.

STATE OF MAINE.

[illegible]

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

[illegible]

THOMAS CAVENEY.

STATE OF MAINE.

[illegible]

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

[illegible]

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

[illegible]

Harper's Bazar.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

NOTICE
TO CONSUMERS

[illegible]

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

District Court of the United States.

[illegible]

STATE OF MAINE.

[illegible]

District Court of the United States.

In the matter of [illegible], Bankrupt.

[illegible]

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.

[illegible]

1878.

THE OLDEST AND BEST
FAMILY NEWSPAPERS

BANGOR DAILY
WHIG AND COURIER,
AND
BANGOR
WEEKLY COURIER.

1878—Vols. XLV-VI.

Daily Established 1834 - - Weekly, 1815.

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

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[illegible]

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All Parts of the World.

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And all the important and interesting features which make up a

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HOME INTERESTS,

[illegible]

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[illegible]

"The Only Morning Daily
East of the Kennebec,"

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OUR WEEKLY

[illegible]

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[illegible]

POSTAGE FREE.

[illegible]

BOUTELLE & BURR,

[illegible]

Bangor Post Office.

[illegible]

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

[illegible]

MAILS ARRIVE.

[illegible]

Railroads & Steamboats.

[illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME.

[illegible]

The Popular Line to the West.

[illegible]

FRED. H. SMALL,
Agent Maine and Provinces.

[illegible]

Bangor, Boston, Lowell and New York.

[illegible]

Spring Arrangement.

[illegible]

INSIDE LINE

[illegible]

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,

[illegible]

BANGOR, SEDGWICK,

[illegible]

Railroads & Steamboats.

[illegible]

CHANGE OF TIME

[illegible]

THROUGH TICKETS FOR SOUTH

[illegible]

RE-OPENING

OF THE FALL RIVER

TO NEW YORK

Opens April 29th, for the Season of 1878.

[illegible]

STEAMER MASSACHUSETTS,

STEAMER RHODE ISLAND,

[illegible]

JOHN BROOKS AND FOREST CITY

[illegible]

Maine Steamship Company.

[illegible]